


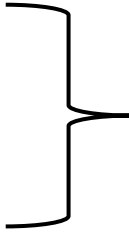
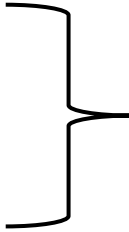



A cluster of blue lemons is centered on a light blue background. The lemons are rendered with a textured, slightly bumpy surface and are arranged in a dense, overlapping group. A white rectangular box with a black border is superimposed over the center of the lemons, containing the main text.

Screening a system—laboratory approaches to assessing features of a bioremediation system

# Module Outline

- M2D1: Environmental heavy metal contamination  Intro
- M2D2: Model system – target selection and engineering approach  Design
- M2D3: Model system – choosing a chassis host  Design
- **M2D4: Screening a system—assessing features of a bioremediation system**  **Test**
- M2D5: Analysis of elemental metals – laboratory and field approaches  **Test**
- M2D6: Applying remediation strategies—advantages and pitfalls  Apply
- M2D7: Engineering a problem-specific bioremediation solution  Apply
- M2D8: Comm Lab  Review



# Lecture overview

## 3 key parameters of our bioremediation system should be established

- Is our mutant protein expressed?
- Does our mutant transporter show any differential ability to take up metal?
- Does our cell tolerate metal exposure and uptake?

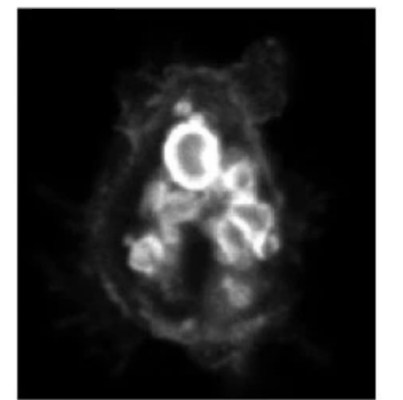
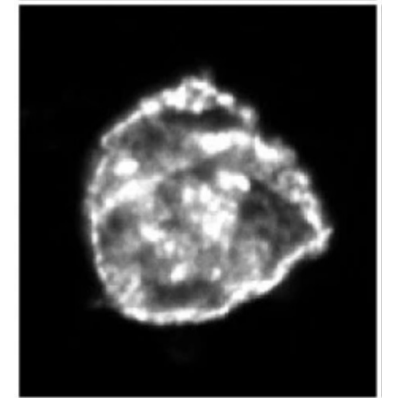
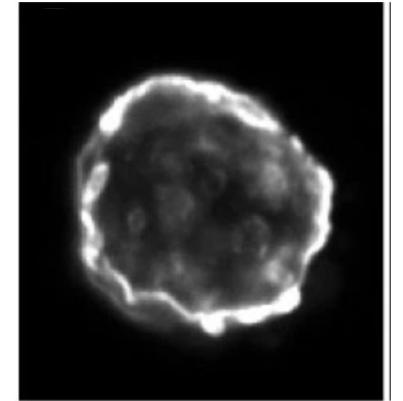
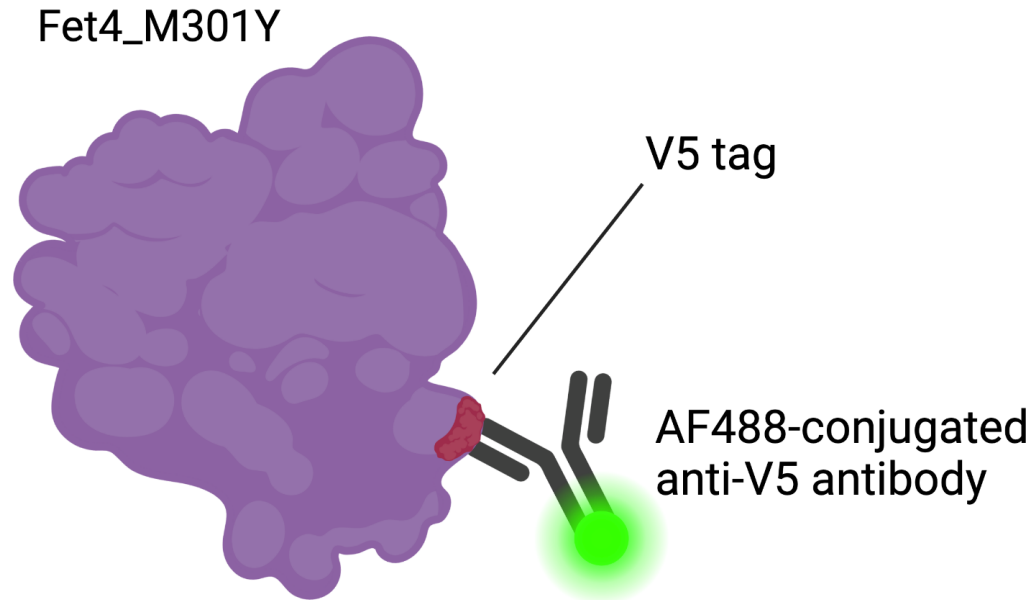


# Protein expression

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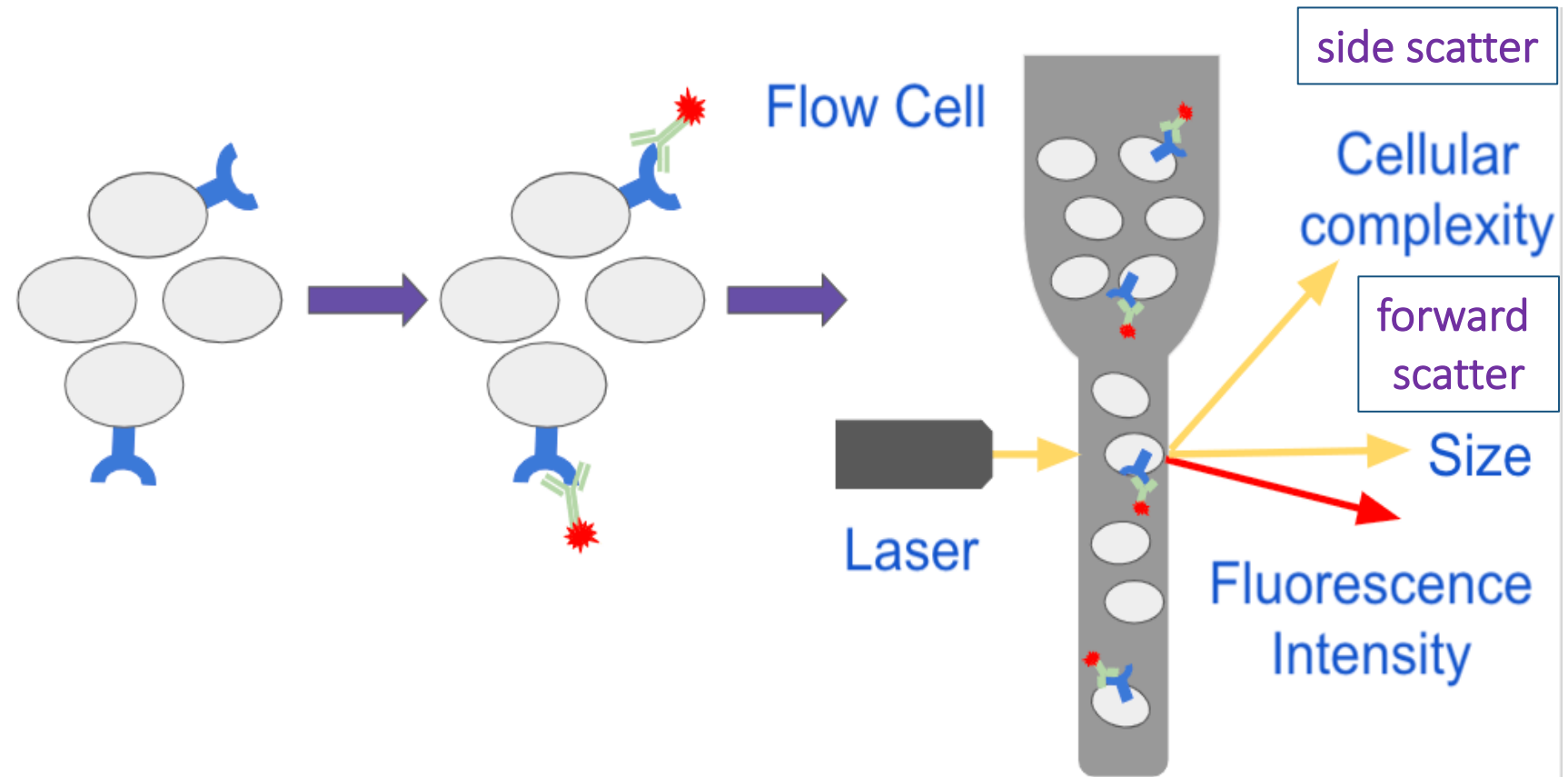
# Fet4 mutant expression can be established with immunofluorescence

- Antibodies against protein or incorporated tag
- Confirms that mutant protein is translated and trafficked as expected
- Automated 96 well microscopy for adherent cells



# Flow cytometry can also be used to quantify protein expression

- Cells expressing mutant protein are labeled with fluorescent antibodies
- Labeled cells are passed in single file in front of a laser and visible light source
  - the scatter of the visible light provides information about cell size and granularity
  - fluorescent signal indicates protein labeling by antibody

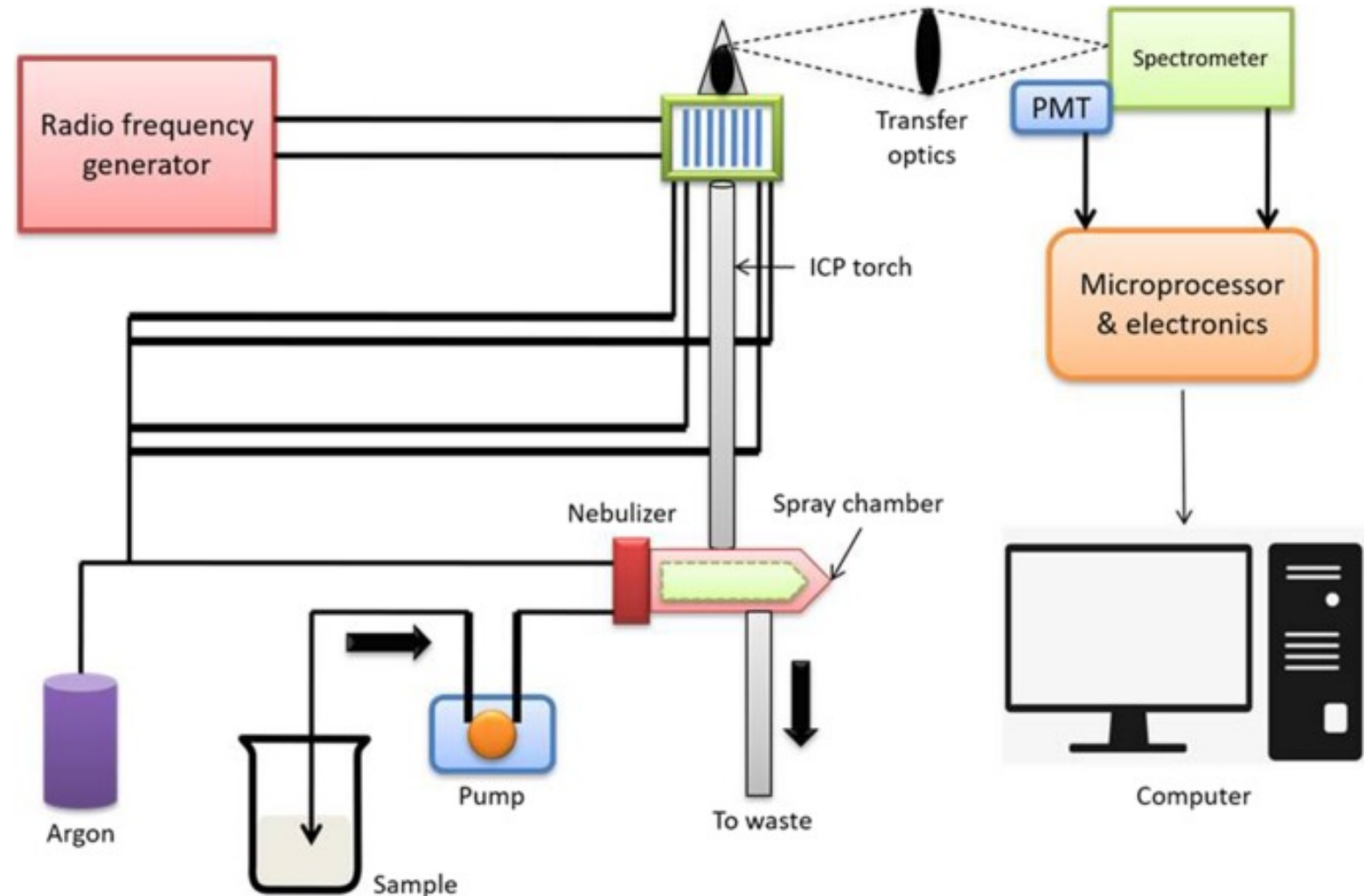


Metal uptake

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# ICP-OES/MS can measure elemental concentration in a sample

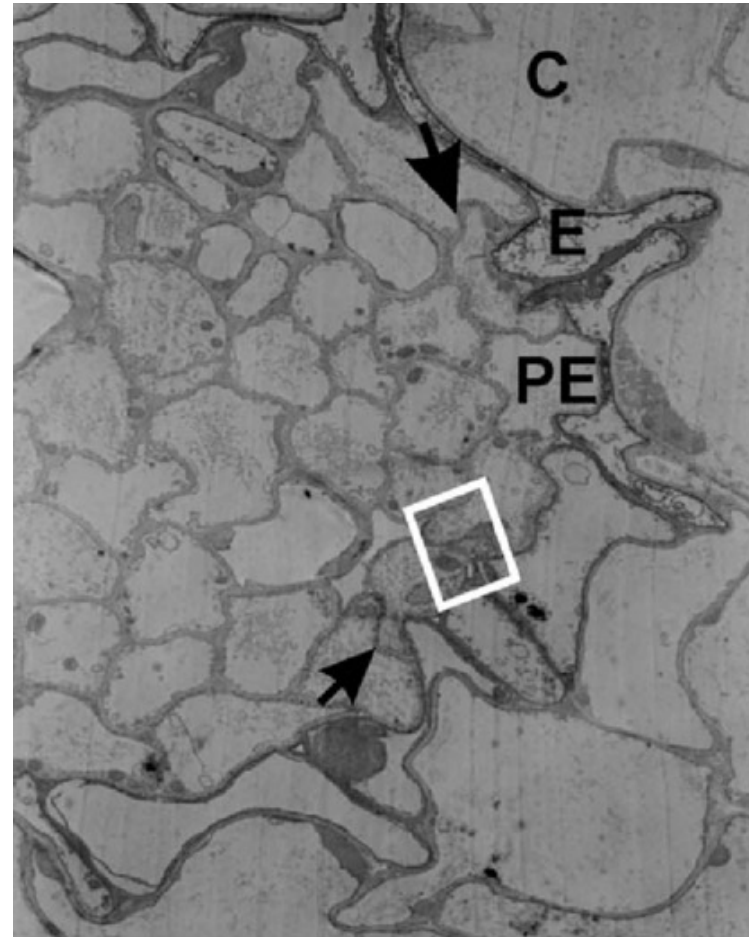
- Metal concentration can be directly quantified
- Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-OES)



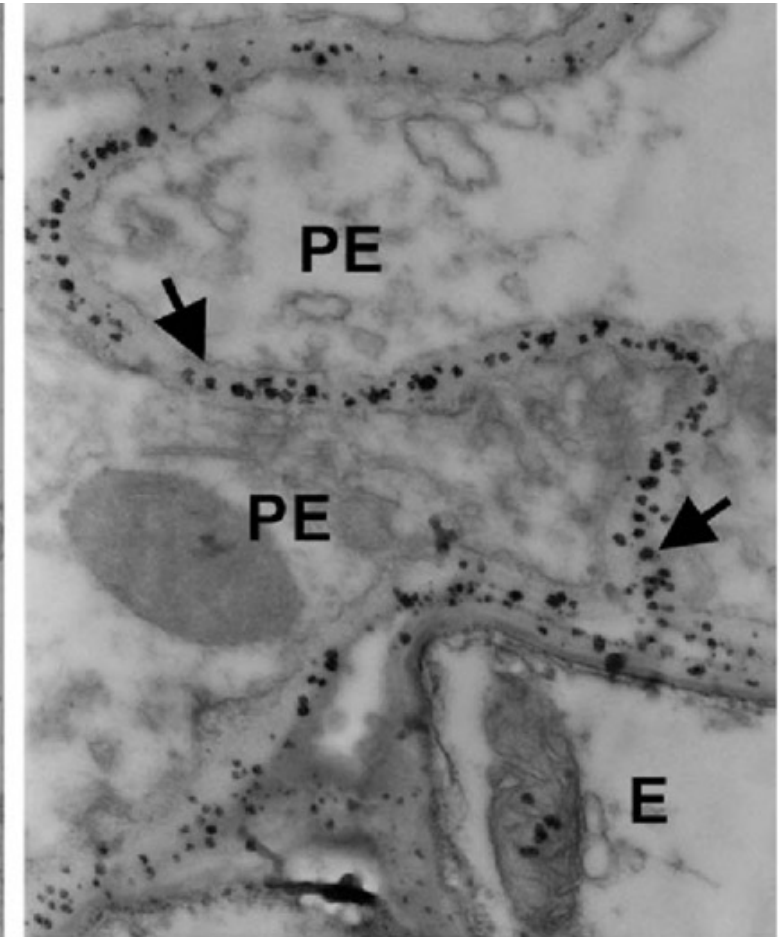


# Electron microscopy can visualize metal collection in a cell

- Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)
  - send electron beam through a sample
  - generated image is shaded according to density
- TEM micrograph of root section from plant exposed to Cd for 14 days
  - Identified granules containing Cd in the cell wall of pericycle cells



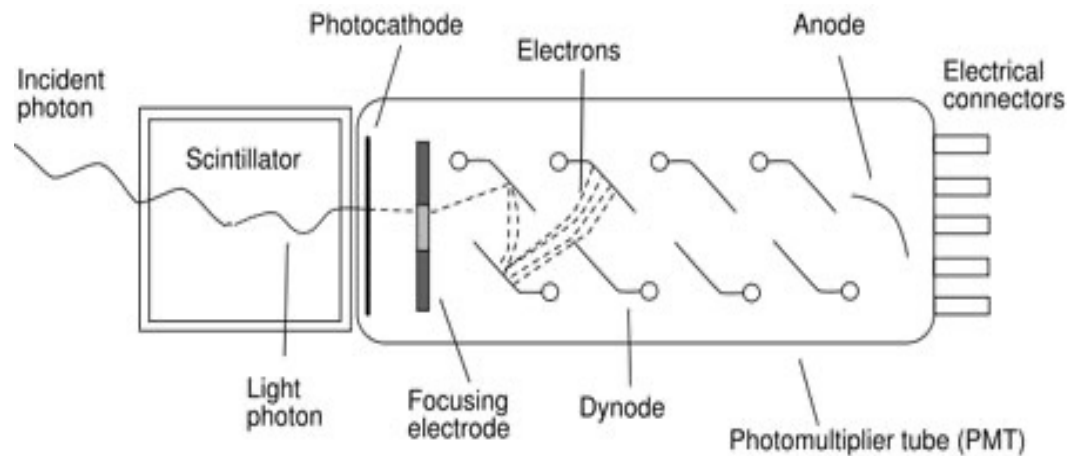
2000x magnification



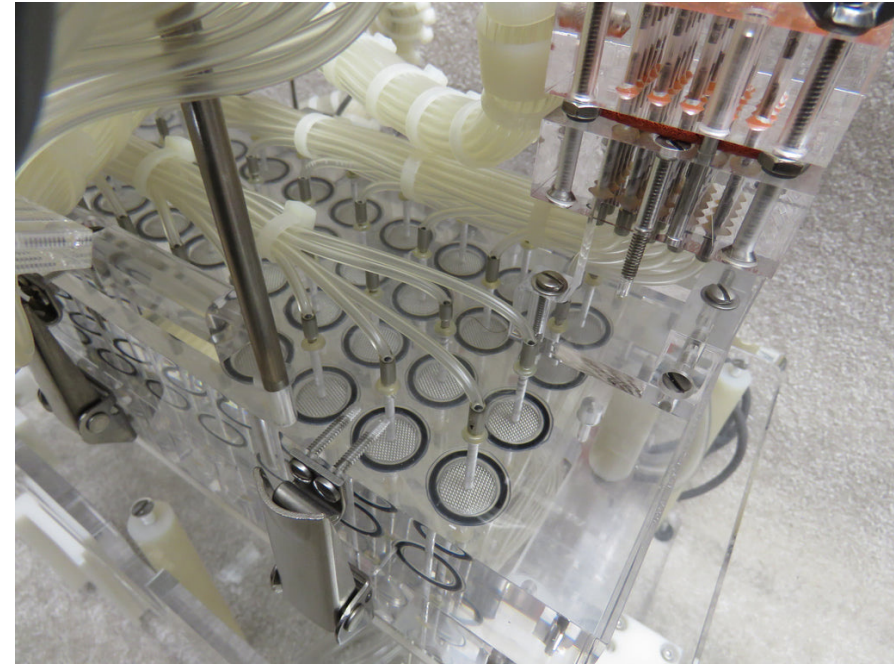
20,000x magnification

# Radioactive metal isotopes can be utilized to monitor metal presence

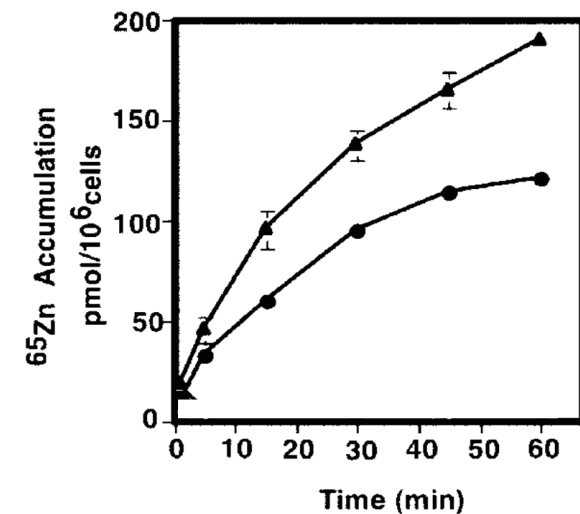
- Incubate cells with radioactive isotope of metal
  - Rapid wash to remove any radioactive material not bound to or accumulated within the cell
  - Use gamma scintillation counter to convert radioactive decay to light to an electrical pulse
  - High sensitivity



Stanford Scintillation Materials Group



Brandel Cell Harvester

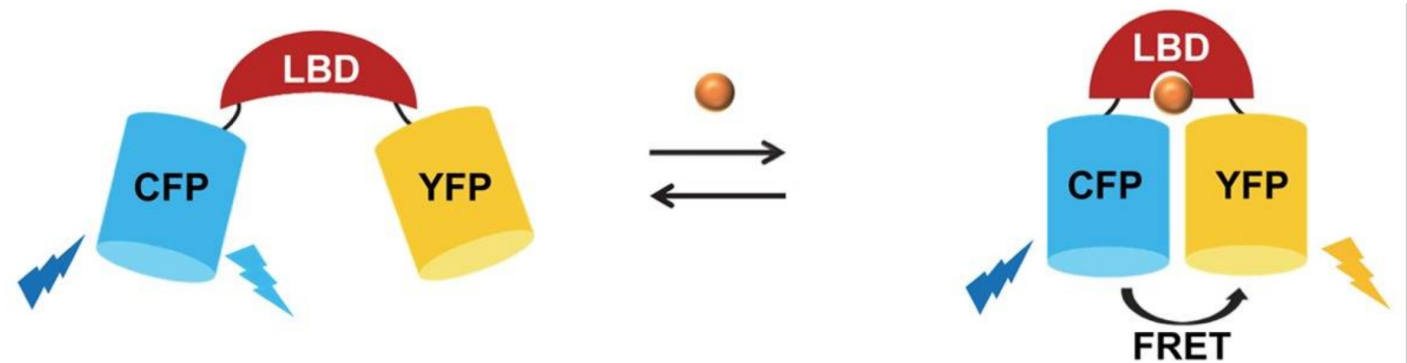


Gaither, 2001

# Engineered sensors can be used to detect metal in a cell

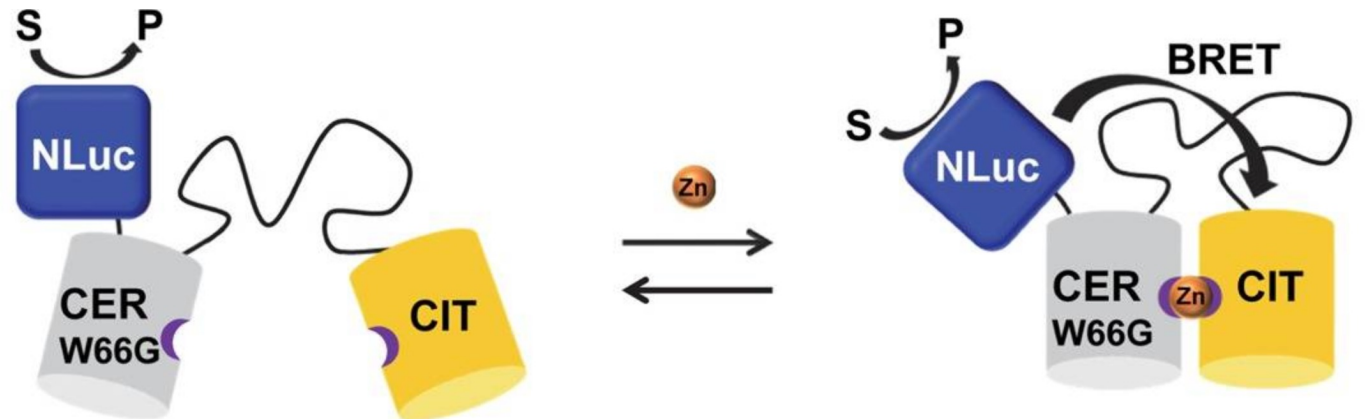
- Förster Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET)

- Laser excited donor fluorophore
- Acceptor fluorophore emits fluorescent signal



- Bioluminescence Resonance Energy Transfer (BRET)

- Bioluminescent luciferase excites the acceptor fluorophore



- Fluorescent probes

- small enough to cross a membrane and bind to intracellular metal
- not as sensitive as the sensors

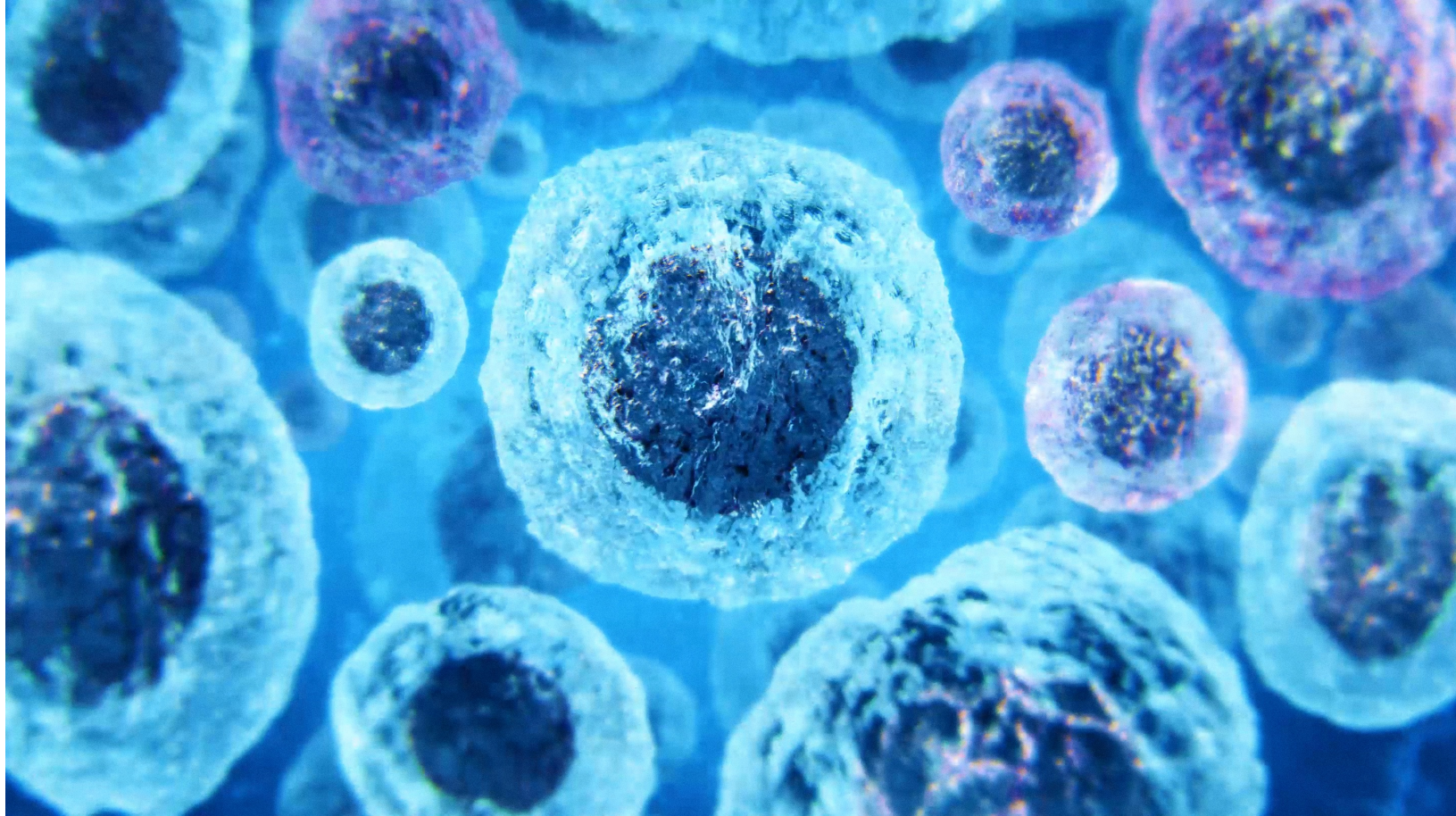
# Cell tolerance of metal accumulation

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# Different metrics can be used to assess cell viability

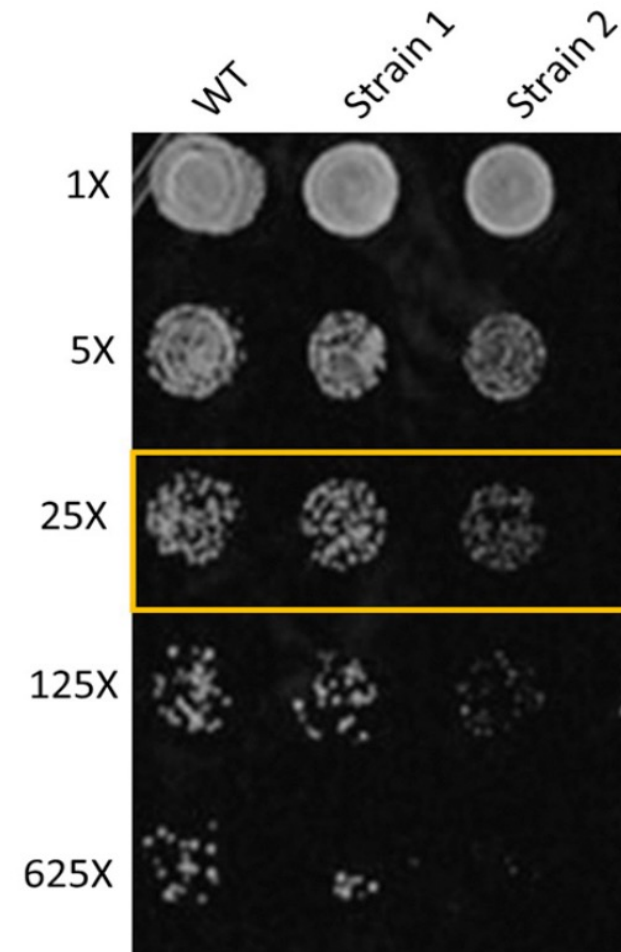
- Growth rate
- Membrane integrity
- Metabolic activity





# Spotting assay can be used to count colonies and compare growth under different conditions

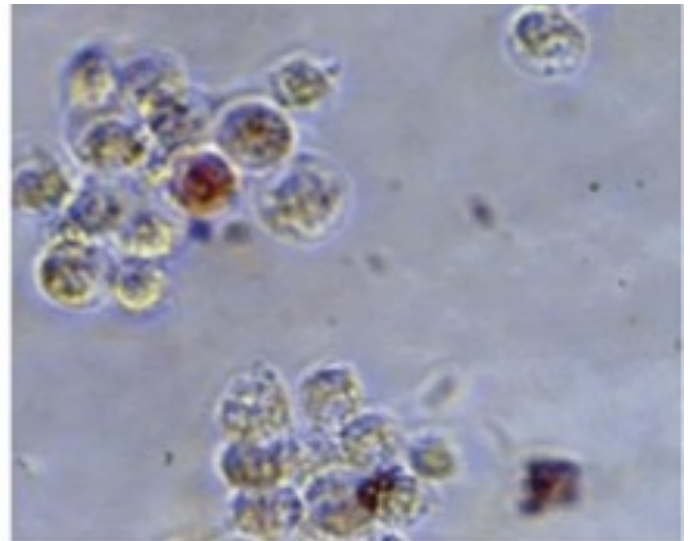
- Commonly used to evaluate bacterial or yeast growth and survival
- Measure the density of cells within a single spot of defined size
  - Count colonies
  - Densitometry
- Identify common dilution that will allow for most accurate comparison across groups



Petropavlovskiy. 2020

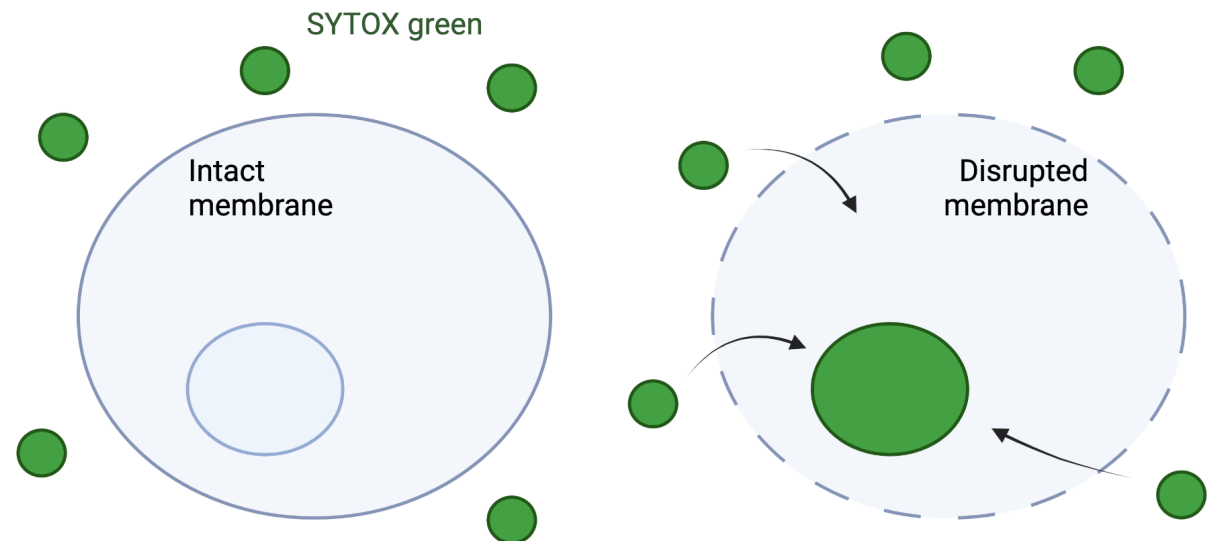
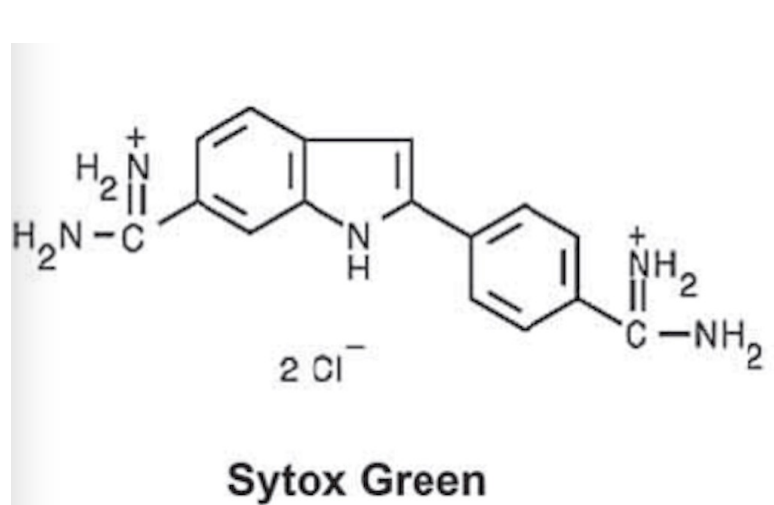
# Vital dyes can be used to establish membrane integrity of cells

- Colormetric dyes
- **Neutral red**
  - weak cation dye
  - passes across intact plasma membranes to concentrate in organelles like vacuoles and lysosomes
  - damage to those membranes prevents the incorporation of the dye
  - Red= alive
- **Evans blue**
  - anionic dye
  - impermeable to membrane of living cells but able to accumulate in cells with compromised plasma membrane
  - Blue = dead
  - trypan blue is another example



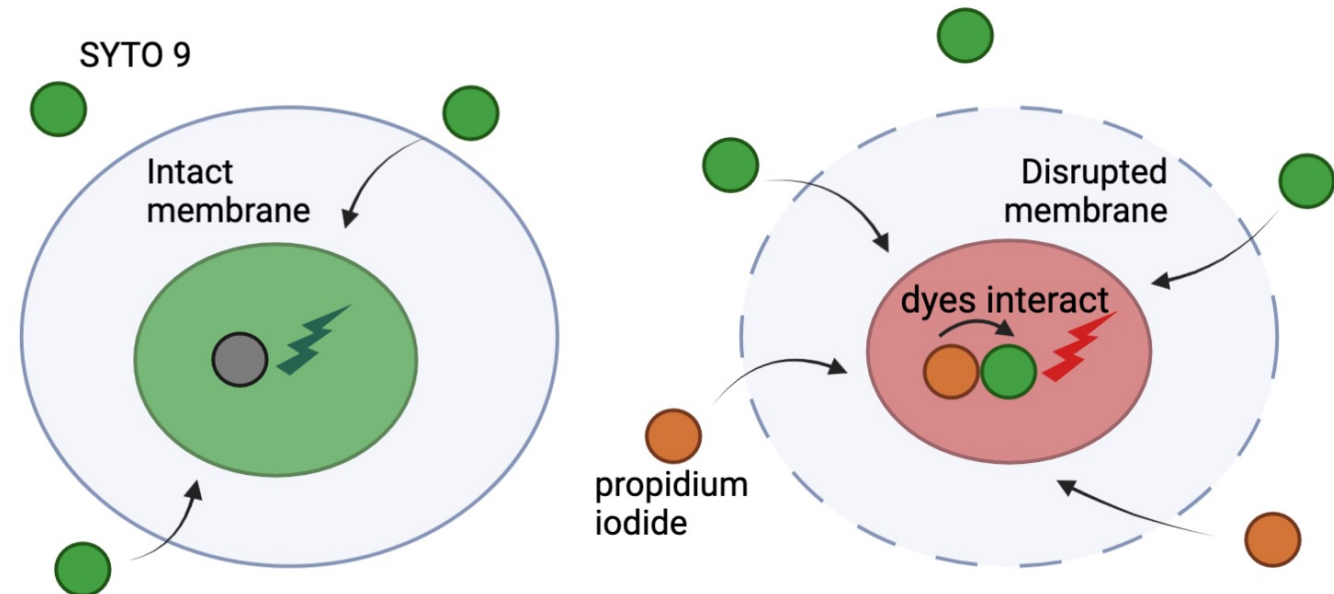
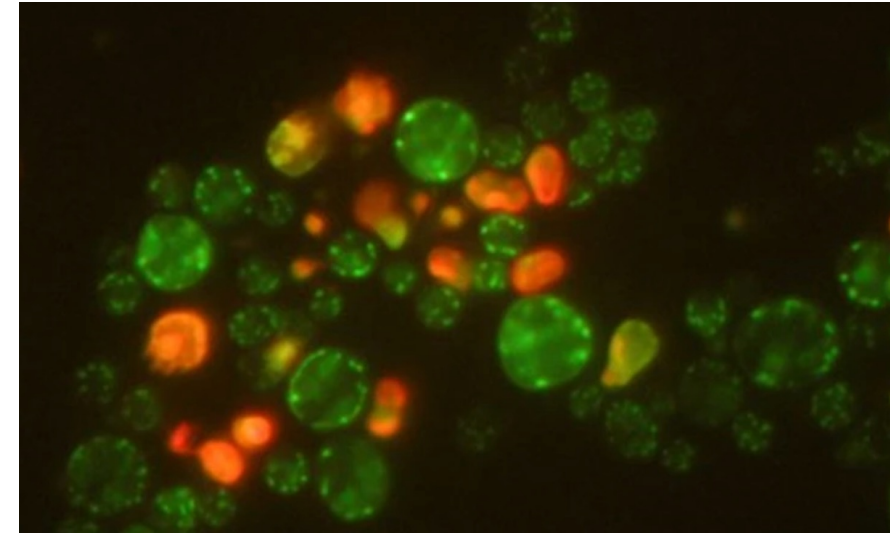
# Nuclear fluorescent dyes can be used to indicate loss of membrane integrity

- SYTOX Green is a probe that cannot cross intact membranes
- One inside the nucleus, it binds to nucleic acids and fluoresces

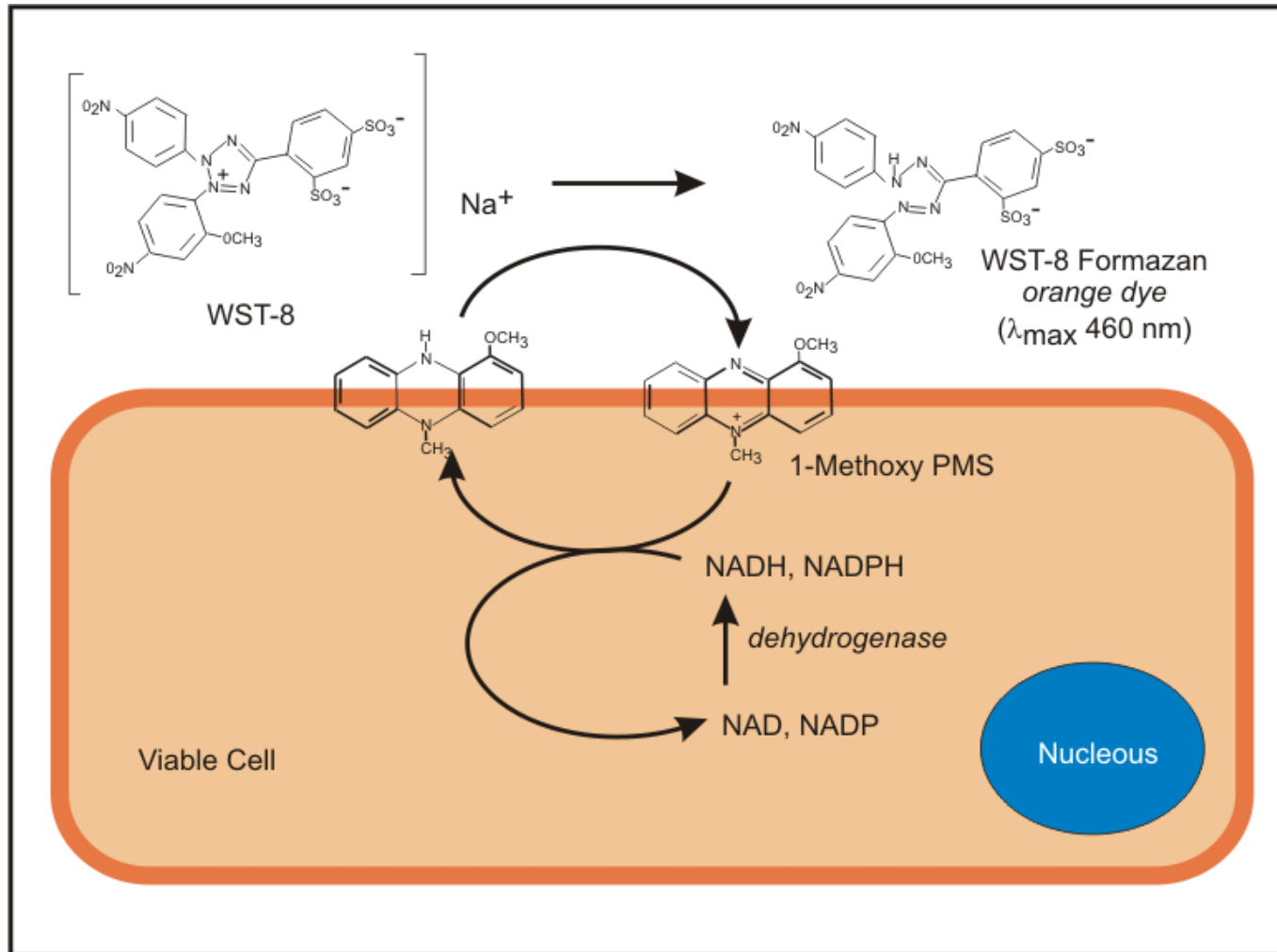


# LIVE/DEAD assays can simultaneously mark both states of cells within a population

- SYTO 9 green-fluorescent nucleic acid stain
  - Can cross intact membranes and label all cells in a population
- Propidium iodide red-fluorescent nucleic acid stain
  - Only enters cells with damaged membranes
  - Causes a reduction in the SYTO 9 stain fluorescence via FRET
- Cells with intact membranes stain fluorescent green
- Cells with damaged membranes stain fluorescent red



# Reduction of tetrazolium salts creates color change proportional to metabolic activity

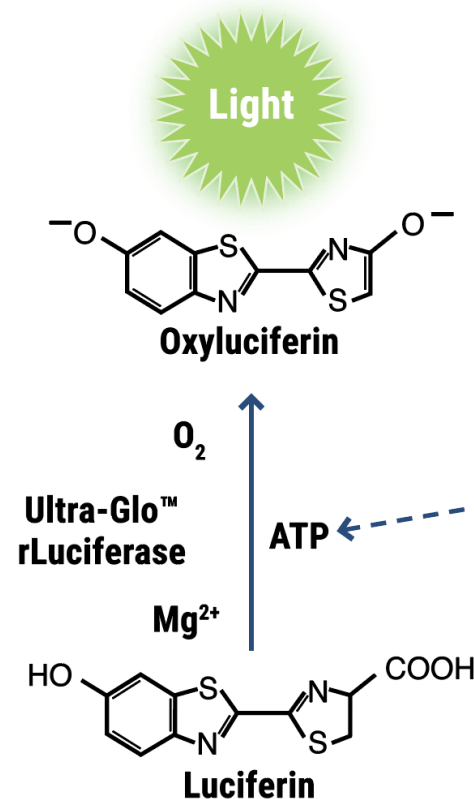


- Tetrazolium salts can be reduced into formazan as a byproduct of metabolic processes such as oxidative phosphorylation
  - Color change is proportional to metabolic activity
- MTT = purple formazan precipitates
  - production kills cells
  - less sensitive
  - less expensive
- WST-8 = soluble orange formazan
  - cells survive assay
  - more sensitive
  - more expensive



# ATP content can be used as a proxy for cellular physiology and metabolic activity

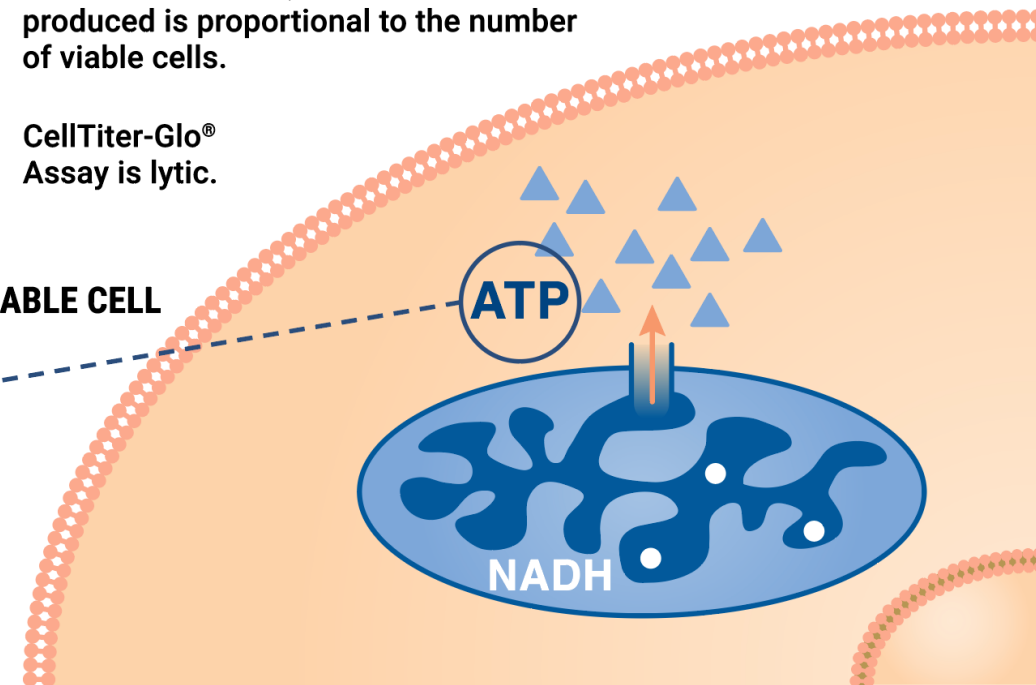
- Luciferase utilizes ATP to oxidize Luciferin to Oxyluciferin
  - Emits light as a result
- Luminescence is proportional to ATP and thus to cell metabolic activity
- Metabolic activity can change without resulting in cell death
  - In contrast to loss of membrane integrity



The cell is the source of ATP in the luciferase reaction, so the luminescence produced is proportional to the number of viable cells.

CellTiter-Glo® Assay is lytic.

**VIABLE CELL**



# What are you doing in lab today?

- Experimental lull!
  - Biology moves slower than grand plans...
- Align sequencing to determine presence of mutations
- Prepare coverslips for the immunofluorescence experiment that begins after Spring break/ Journal article presentation week