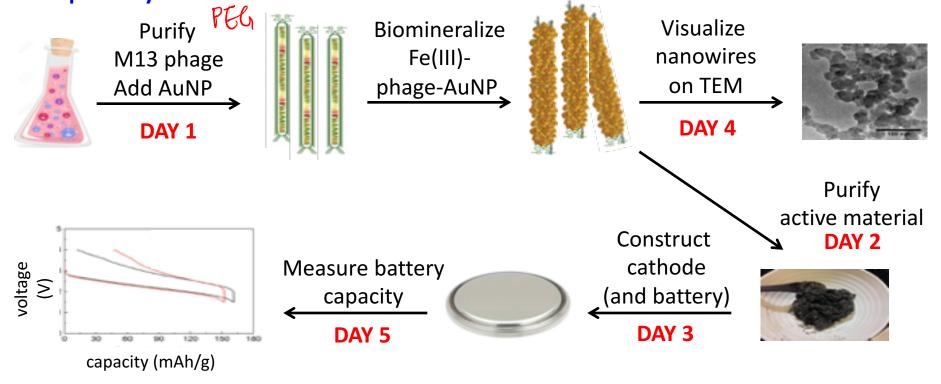
M3D2:Purify active material

- 1. BE Communication lab workshop: Research Proposals!
- 2. Prelab discussion
- 3. Demo of FePO₄-phage reaction
- 4. Collect and wash active material: AuNP-Fe(III)-phage nanowires
- 5. Prepare TEM samples
- 6. Prepare active material for 80°C vacuum oven

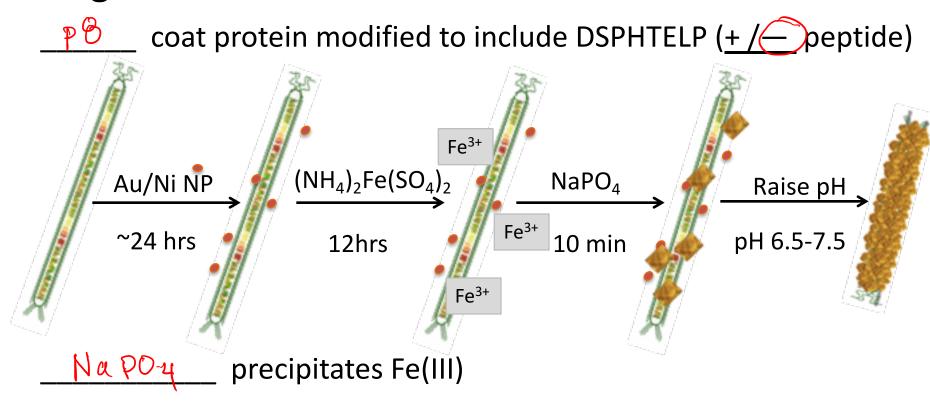
Module 3: biomaterials engineering

How do nanoparticle size and quantity affect battery

capacity?



Phage Biomineralized with Iron and NPs



iron facilitates ion insertion into cathode material

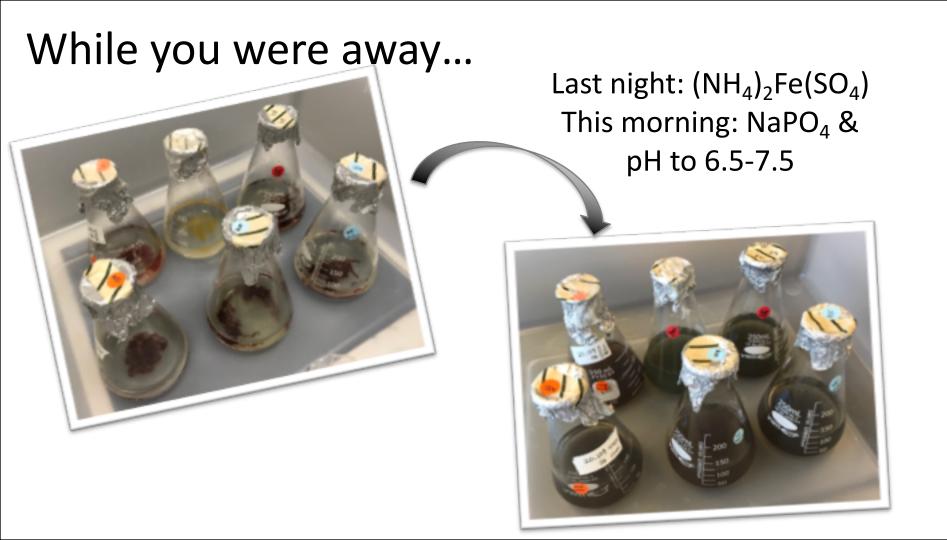
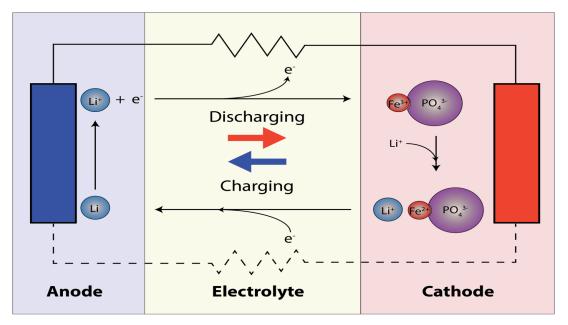


Diagram of Mod3 battery

M13 phage: Scaffold

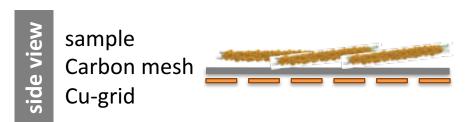
AuNP (& SuperP): electrical conductor

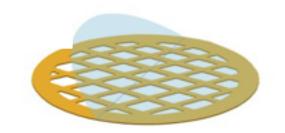
Fe(III) PO4: <u>confic conductor</u>

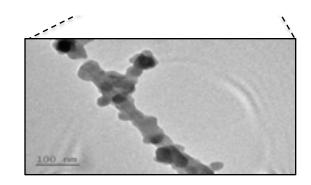


Set aside Fe(III)-phage-NP for TEM inspection

- The Fe(III)-phage-NP active material is in its purest form
 - No impurities, binder, etc.
- Cu-grid, carbon mesh
 - Copper-orange side
 - ✓ <u>Silver/black side</u> where droplet deposited
 - Practice handling it with tweezers







In lab today...

- 1. Do Part 3 First (Collect active material)
- 2. Demo of FePO₄-phage reaction during spin
- 3. Practice then prepare TEM samples
- 4. Prepare active material for 80°C vacuum oven
- During the downtime you should discuss and choose a topic for M3D3 homework (and potentially beyond!) submitted as a pair/team
- Quiz on Friday
- Class time Tues. 5/1 Prof. Belcher would like to hear elevator pitches from all groups.
- No Lab next Wednesday! Work on research proposals!