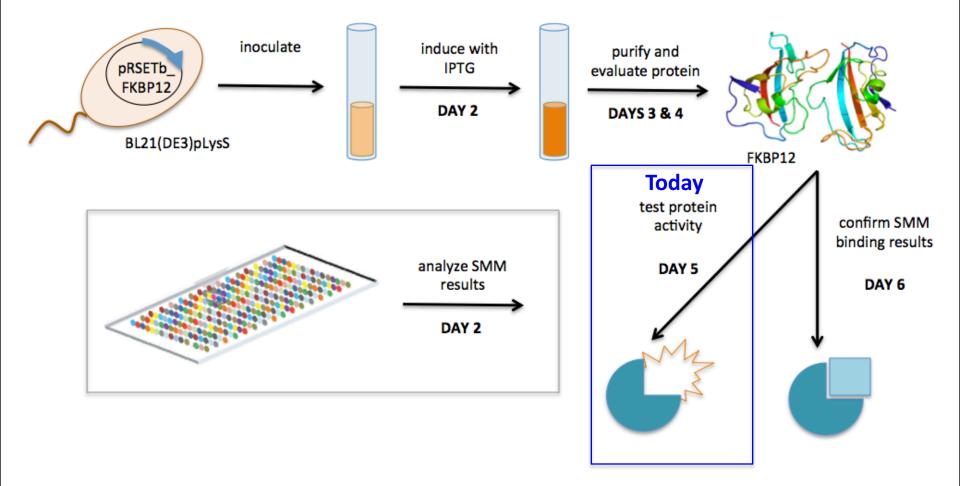
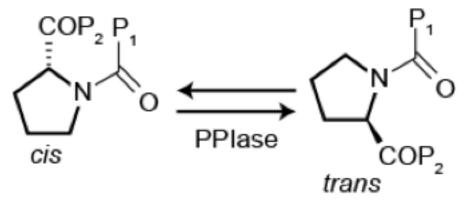
M1D5: Test protein activity using peptidyl-prolyl cistrans isomerase assay Announcements/Reminders: 3/1-2: Comm lab workshop at 3pm 3/6-7: M1 Quiz 2 3/12: Data Summary due

- 1. Prelab discussion
- 2. Set up "master-mixes" for PPlase Assay
- 3. Load 96-well plate for absorbance reading
 - 3 groups at a time, 30 min per plate
 - During down time: work on Methods, Casper will go over quiz, Prerna will come by to answer figures questions

Test protein activity using peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase assay



FKBP12 is a protein (enzyme) with peptidyl prolyl cis-trans isomerase activity



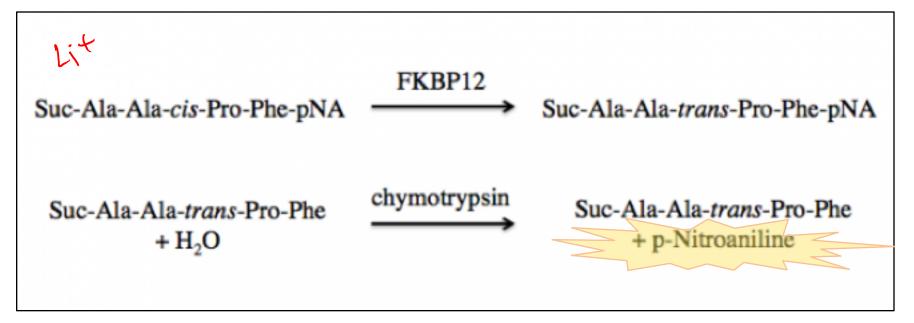
PPIase = Peptidyl prolyl isomerase

- PPlase <u>Catalyzes</u> cis-trans isomerization
- Aids in protein folding

How can we measure this activity?

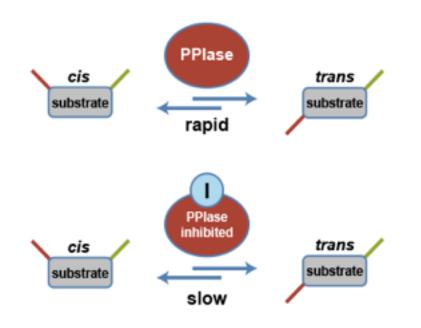
Image credit: http://www.selcia.com/ppiase-services/range-of-services/functional-ppiase-assay

PPlase assay measures rate of conversion from cis to trans isomer



- Substrate to test FKBP12 activity: <u>suc-AAFP-pNA</u>
- Use <u>Chamo try psin</u>to cleave p-Nitroaniline (pNA)
- pNA is chromogenic: absorbs <u>405µm</u> (looks yellow)
- Track presence of pNA over time ($\Delta A/\Delta t$)

Assess FKBP12 activity and affect of compounds using PPIase Assay



• Is the protein you purified active?

substrate vs. substrate only vs. + protein.

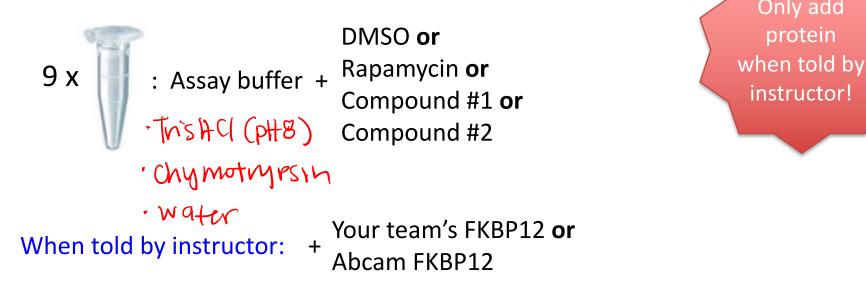
 Positive control—known binder to FKBP12 (and inhibits isomerase activity)

Rapamycin vs protein. (0.1µM) + DMSO

 Unknown results: compounds you chose from the SMM screen

You will set up 9 "master mixes"

At your bench:



Instructors will add suc-AAFP-pNA right before measurement

- One tube is background control with buffer and suc-AAFP-pNA only ٠
- Each tube has enough volume for 3.25 reactions (accounts for pipetting error) •

Only add

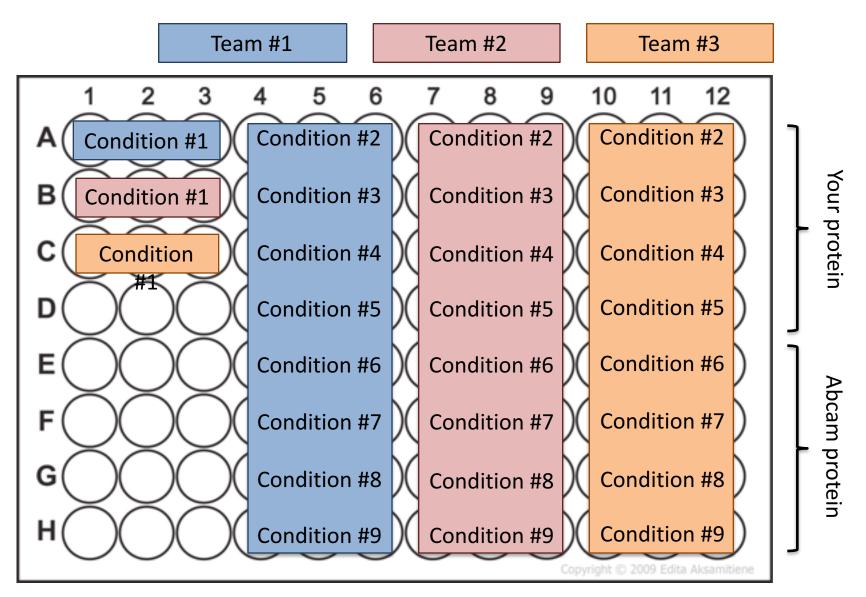
protein

instructor!

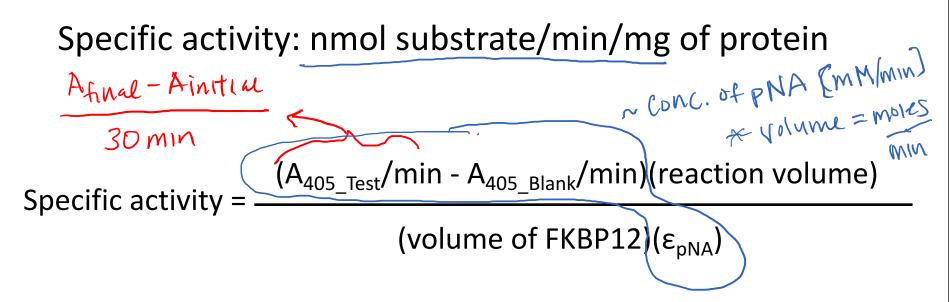
- Each reaction is 200 uL ۲
- Each reaction will be placed in 1 well of a 96 well plate ٠

Three groups load on one 96-well plate

Read absorbance at 405 nm every minute for 30 minutes



Quantify the specific activity of the protein



 ϵ_{pNA} (extinction coefficient for pNA) ~ 9.3 mM⁻¹

Convert volume to mg based on known protein concentration

A 405

protein + DMSO ine (mh

Homework due M1D6

- Mini-presentation outline
 - Bullet/outline form
 - Follow time and content guidelines
 - Introduce yourself and your research
 - Clearly state your hypothesis to identify main question
 - Be quantitative when stating findings (NOT "this was more/less than...")
 - For this HW assignment, put placeholder statements for key findings

| Category | Approximate worth | Elements of a strong presentation |
|--------------|----------------------|---|
| Content | 50% | Did you introduce your research? Did you include the key findings (and the techniques used to gather these results, if necessary)? Was the importance of your project clear? |
| Organization | 25% | Is the presentation logical and easy-to-follow? Are the main points emphasized? Did you include transition statements such that the presentation 'flows' and is easily followed/understood? |
| Delivery | 25% | Do you show confidence and enthusiasm? Did you use appropriate language (technical or informal, as appropriate)? Is your speech clear? |

http://engineerbiology.org/wiki/20.109(S18):_M1_Mini-presentation

- Consider getting started on M1D7 homework
- Data summary will be due Monday 3/12 at 10pm

Today in lab:

- Do all calculations before beginning bench work—check with teaching staff!
- During down time
 - Casper will go over quiz
 - Prerna will be around to answer questions
 - Work on Methods, homework and data summaries