


MID3: Agarose gel electrophoresis

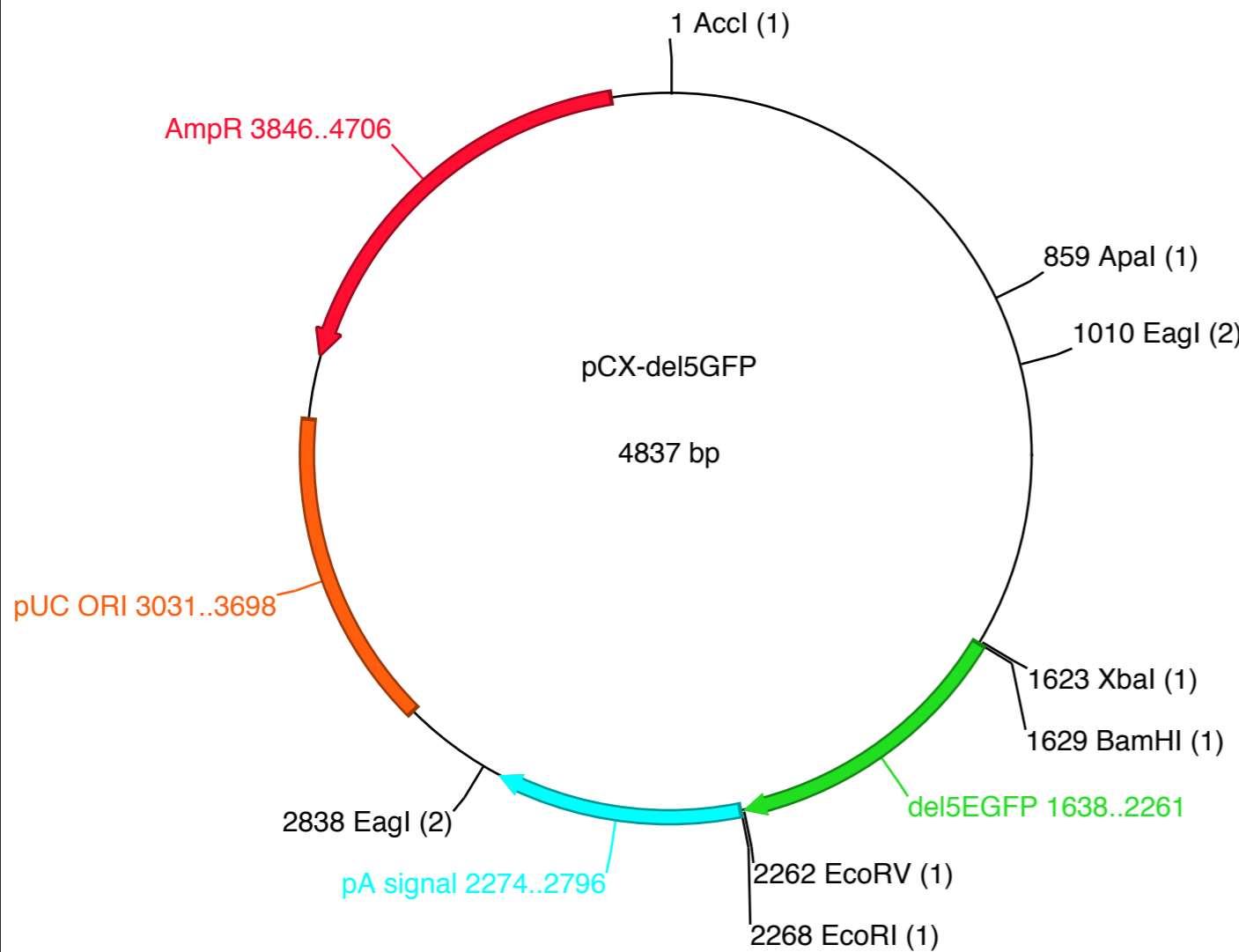
★ No lecture or lab
Thursday

9/16/14



1. Lab Treat! 
2. Set-up agarose gel — **Read Part I Now**
3. Pre-lab lecture — today I'm limited by gel time!
4. Image gel and extract DNA
5. Set-up another gel!
6. Use results to calculate ligation ratios for next time

Thought experiment:

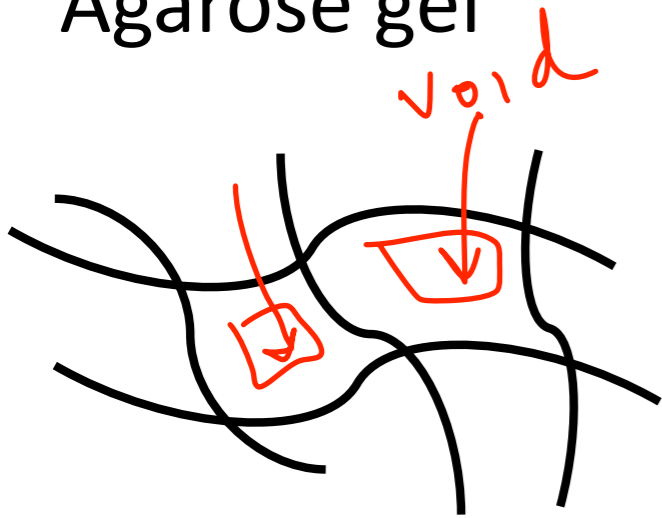


RE	Frag Size
Accl	(4) ~ 4800 bp
Eagl	(2) ~ 1800 bp ~ 3000 bp
Xbal EcoRI	(2) ~ 650 bp ~ 4200 bp
Eagl BamHI	(3) ~ 600 bp ~ 1200 bp ~ 3000 bp

designing your own diagnostic digest

DNA Electrophoresis (EP): Principle

Agarose gel



DNA



Agarose and DNA are both *polymers*

Driving force for separation:

electric charge

"run to red"

- +

DNA moves to because of

DNA has a neg charge

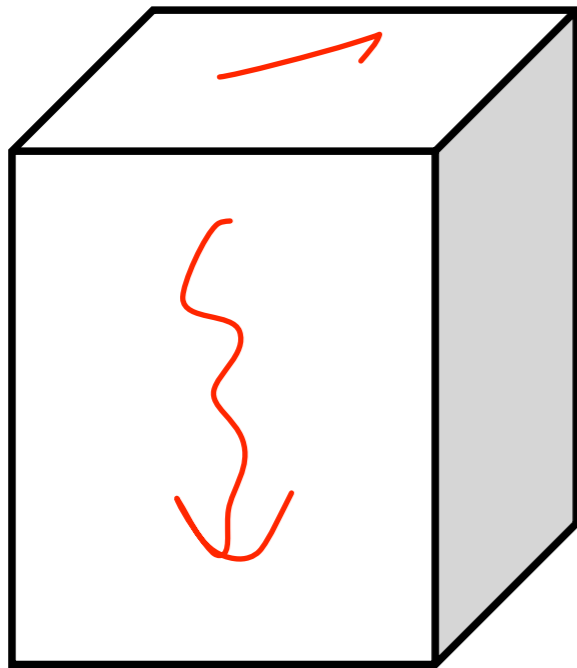
Separation is according to:

Size

Smaller

DNA moves faster because

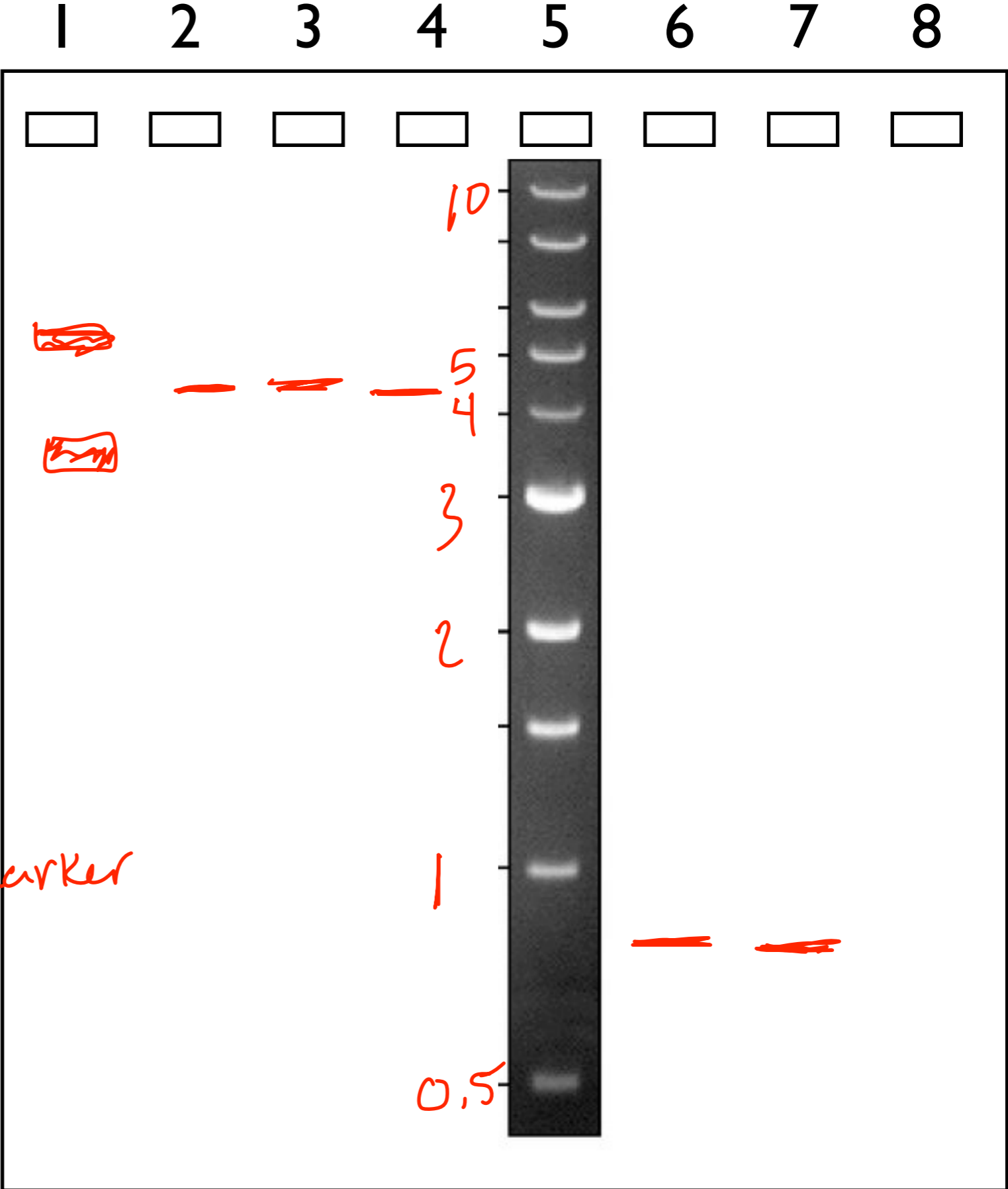
porosity + entanglement



+

DNA Electrophoresis:

Lane	Sample	Volume to load
1^	Uncut pCX-NNX^	10 μL^
2	pCX-NNX Xbal	5 μL
3	pCX-NNX EcoRI	5 μL
4	pCX-NNX Xbal + EcoRI	25 μL
5	1Kb DNA Ladder	20 μL
6	PCR Product Xbal + EcoRI	25 μL
7	PCR Product Uncut	25 μL
8	PCR no-template-control	25 μL



Uncut DNA: (2 bands)

○ ← may appear larger
 ⊗ ← be located near

Cut DNA: a smaller MW marker



How do we visualize the DNA?

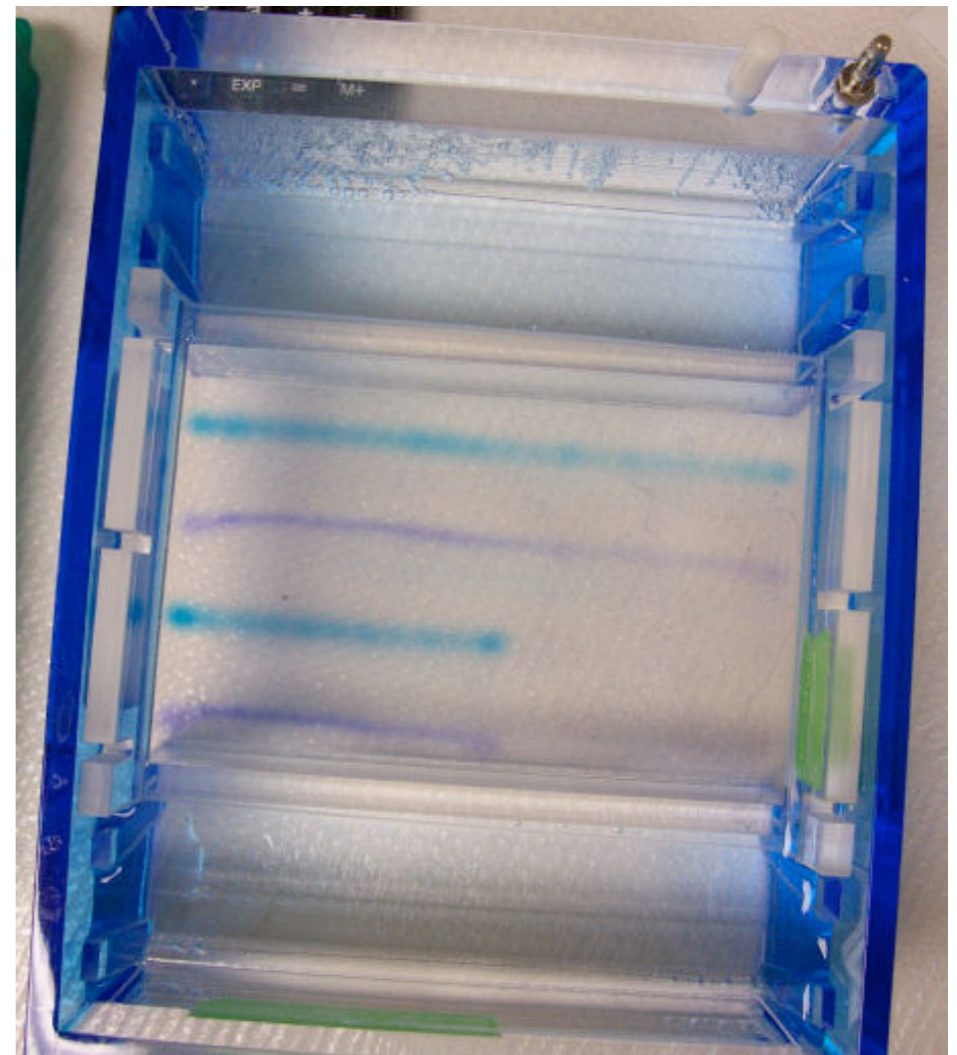
Glycerol/Ficoll - ↑ viscosity

Loading Dye:

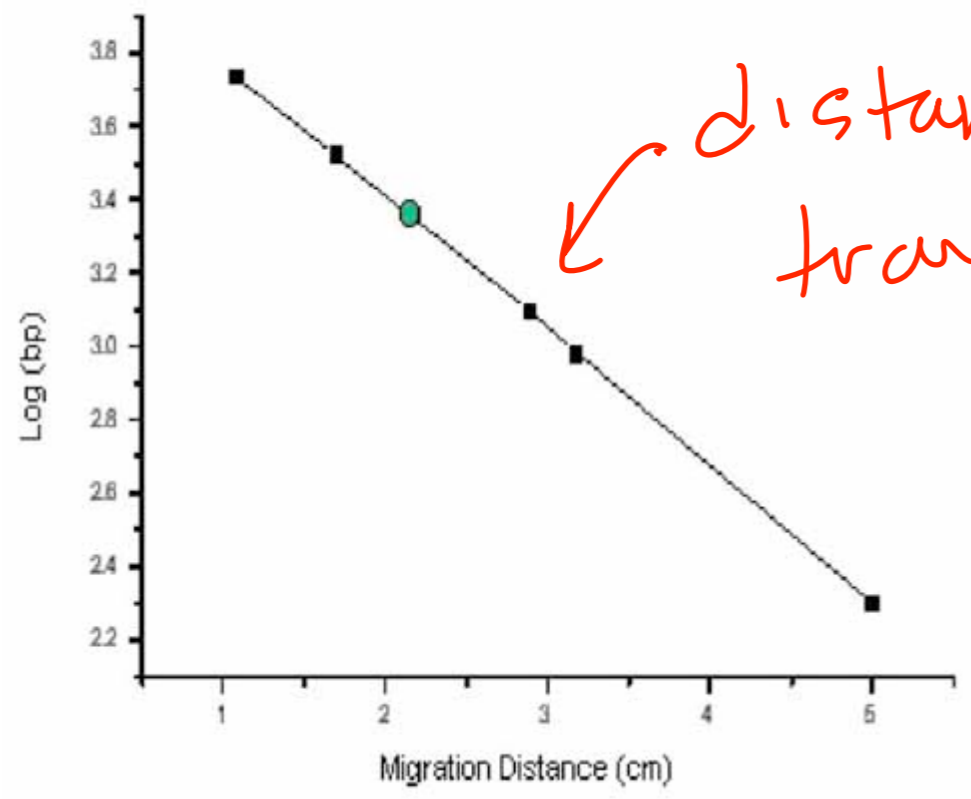
Bromo phenol Blue
(similar αC) $\sim 300bp$
[RNase → remove RNA]

DNA stain:

Sybr Safe
DNA intercalating dye



sr.wikipedia.org



distance DNA travels
 $\propto \frac{1}{\log(MW)}$

From MIT OCW



awkward photo with your advisor

Extract DNA from agarose gel:

- mix w/ QG (yellow)

Another silica column from Qiagen:

different size
silica



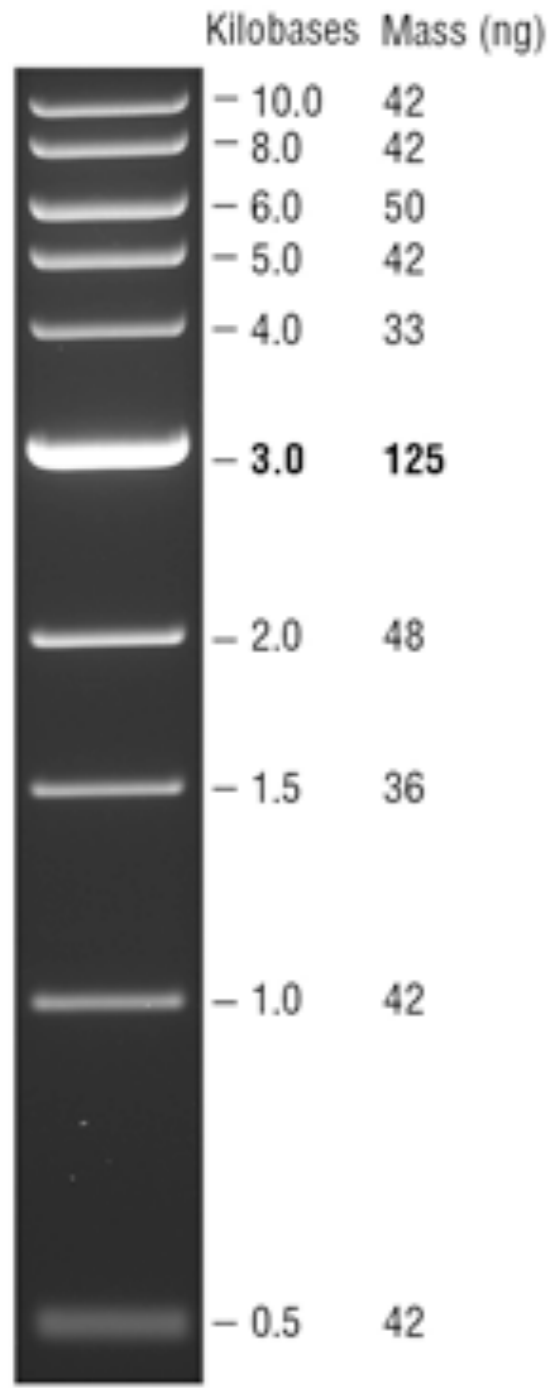
Note: solution should be yellow. If it turns blue, we'll have to adjust the pH

Safety Note: You must wear *UV glasses* or a *face shield* while cutting out your DNA band. Also, like last time, save waste from Qiagen kit.

DNA EP: clean-up and safety

- Use **nitrile gloves** when handling DNA gels and all equipment used for gels.
- Wear **eye protection/face shields** when cutting DNA bands out of the gel.
- Gels and gel-contaminated papers are disposed of in solid chemical waste.

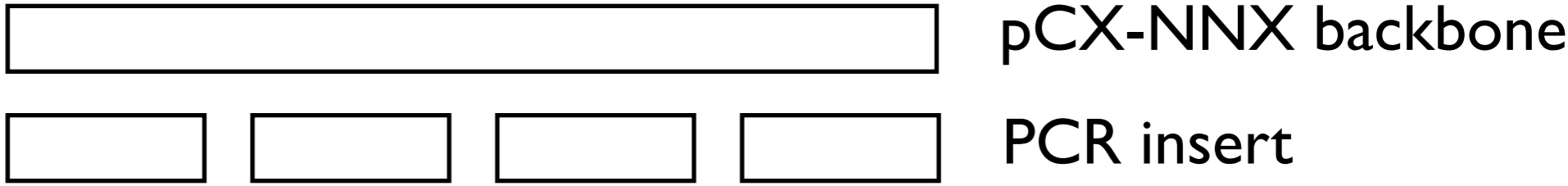
Next time: DNA Ligation -- some up front work.



neb.com: 0.5 ug MW Marker

Dye intensity reflects absolute *mass of DNA*.

mass of DNA \neq molar quantity of DNA ???



Goal:

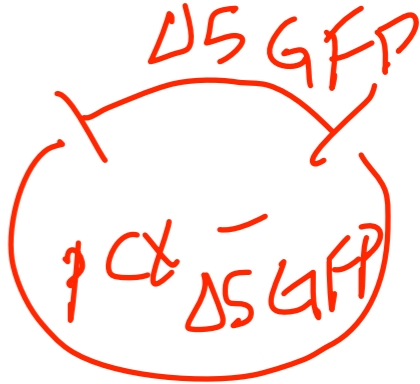
1:4 molar
bkb & insert

Why?

- (1) Imaging gel
- (2) Estimate mass of both bkb & insert
- (3) Calc vol of bkb required for 50-100ng
- (4) cal vol of insert

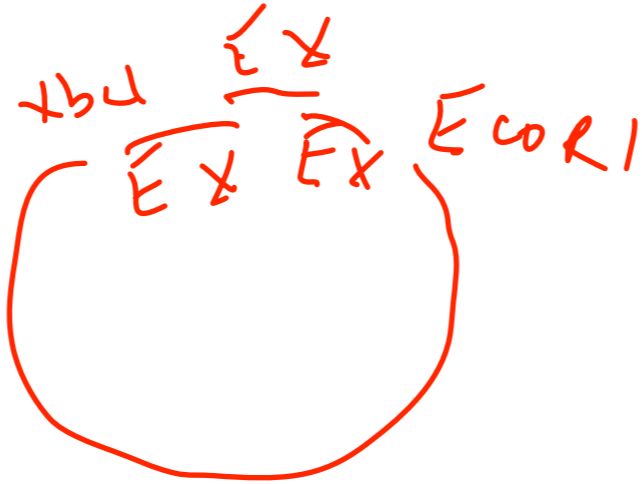
Determining optimal backbone:insert ratio:

What happens with a backbone:insert ratio of:



1:100

1 kb
100 insert



100:1



1:4 (or slightly increased insert)

$\left. \begin{matrix} 1:1 \\ 1:2 \\ 1:10 \end{matrix} \right\} \text{common}$

$1:0 \rightarrow \text{no insert}$
 $\leftarrow \text{1 kb}$

Today in the lab:

- Gel purify digest reactions -- bring pipettes & samples (no tips) -- 2 groups at a time
- Cut out bands (safety first!)
- Purify DNA from agarose
- Isaak runs your evaluation gel — look on Talk page later

Next time in the lab (No lab Thursday!):

- Ligations — complete calcs ahead of time
- Transformation

