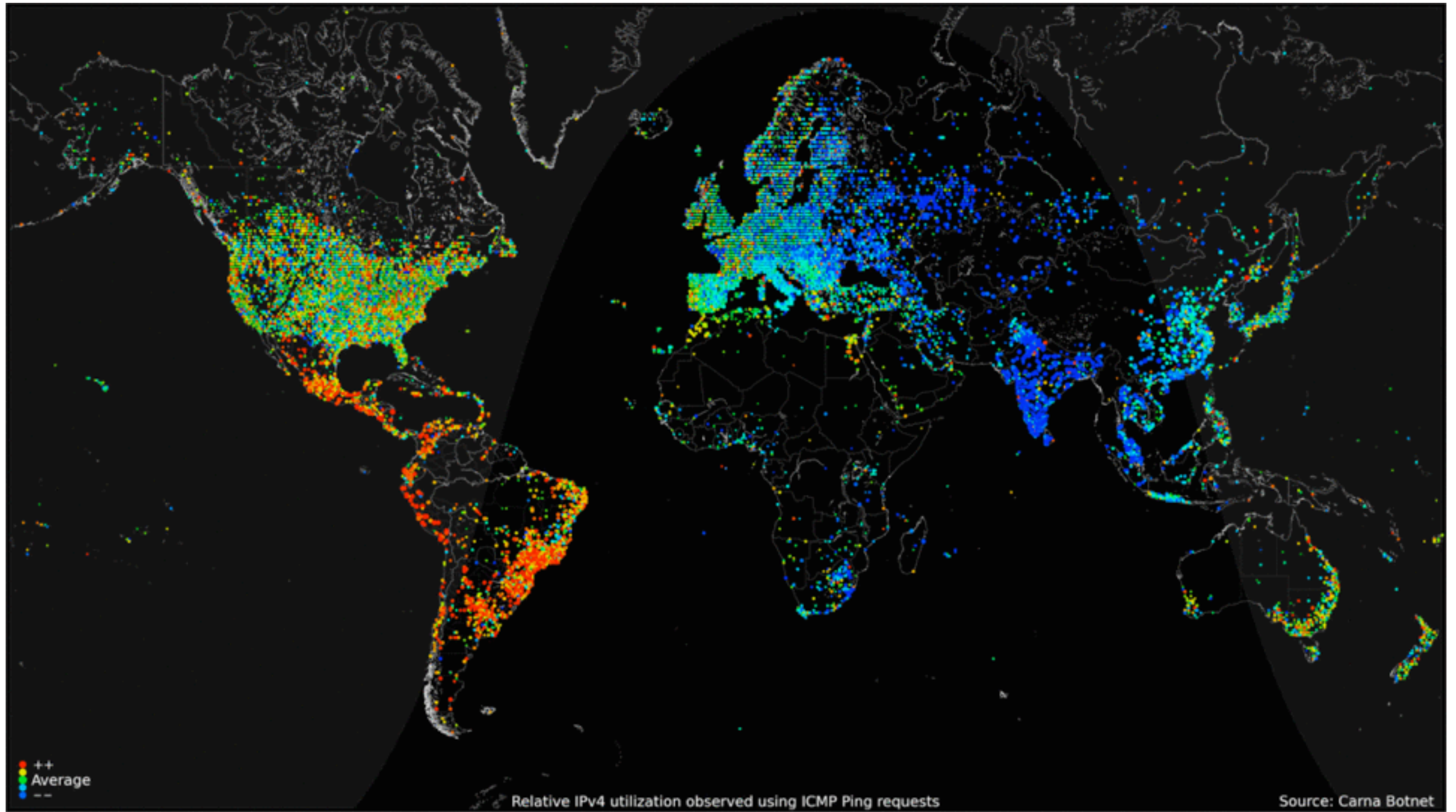


**Welcome to 20.109**

**Laboratory Fundamentals of  
Biological Engineering**

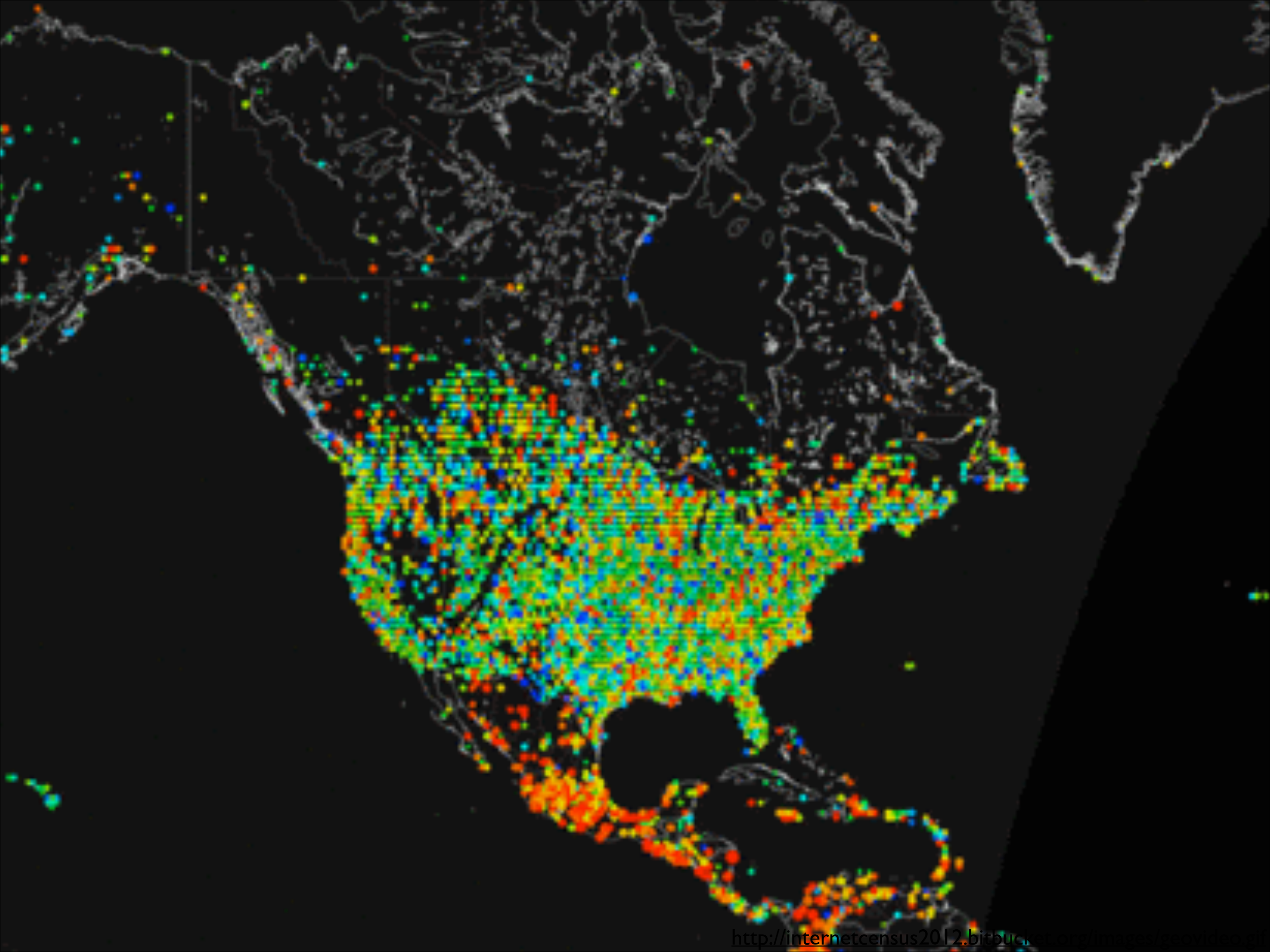
**F14 Orientation Lecture, 9/4/14**

# The start of an MIT semester:



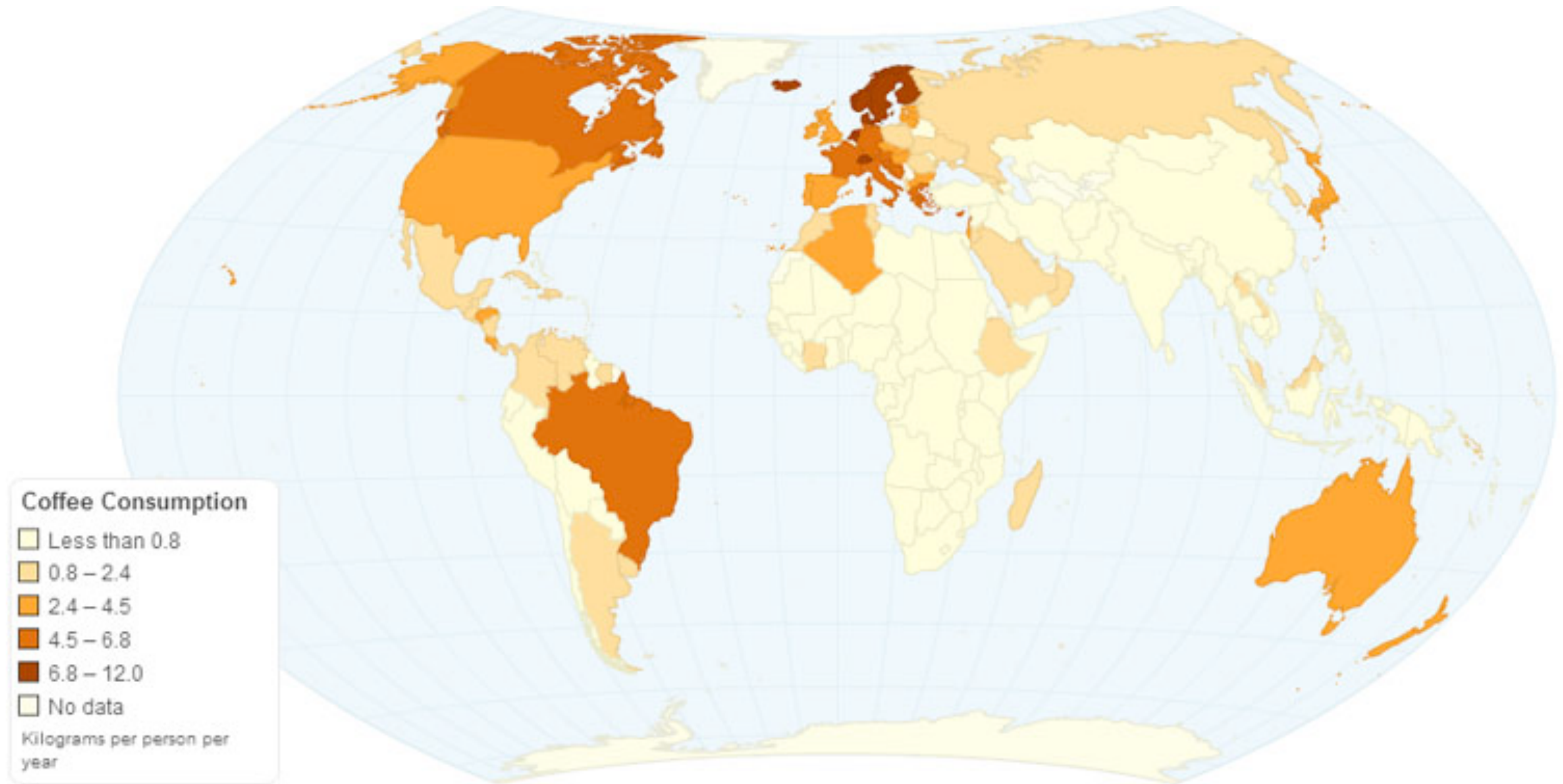
Internet usage over 24 hours





# How do you do it?

Kilograms of coffee per person per year...





# How do you do it?

Kilograms of coffee per person per year...



# Laboratory Fundamentals of Biological Engineering

\* Teaching Team

\* Core 20.109 Mission

*Building a better bioengineer.  
What's in it for you?*

\* Modular Structure of Course

*Module 1: DNA Engineering*

*Module 2: Systems Engineering*

*Module 3: Biomaterials Engineering*

\* Logistics

*Everything you really want to know -- today*

# 20.109 Instruction Team

## Technical

Bevin Engelward (Mod 1)

Natalie Kuldell (Mod 2)

Angie Belcher (Mod 3)

Shannon Hughes (T/R)

Noreen Lyell (T/R)

Agi Stachowiak (W/F)

## Teaching Assistants

Module 1: Isaak Mueller

Module 2: Yong Jin Park

Module 3: Tahoura Samad  
& Jackie Ohmura



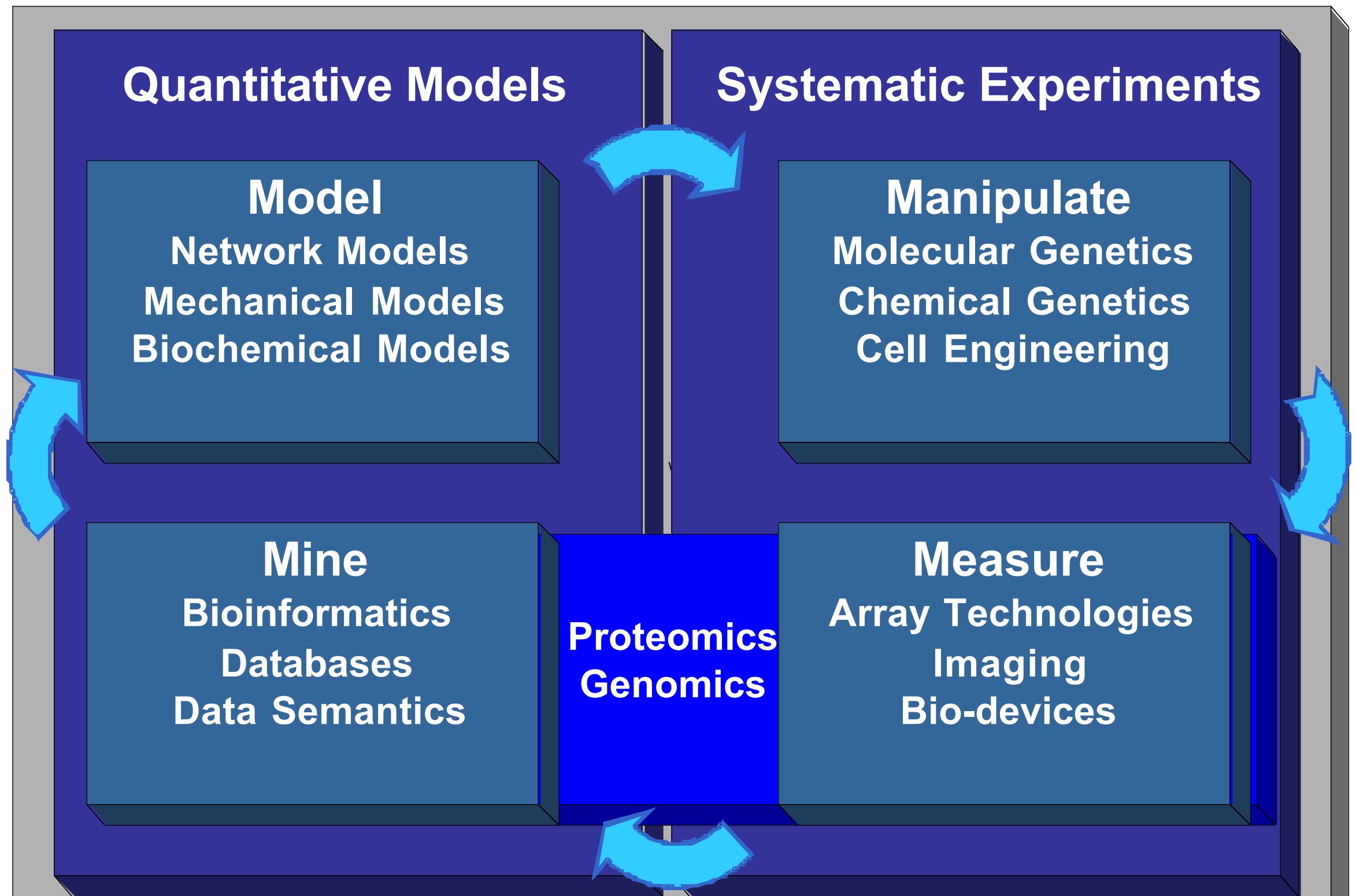
## Communications

Leslie Ann Roldan (Writing)

Jessie Stickgold-Sarah (Writing)

Atissa Banuazizi (Oral Presentations)

# MIT BE Core Mission



\* Definition of biological engineering according to Doug Lauffenburger

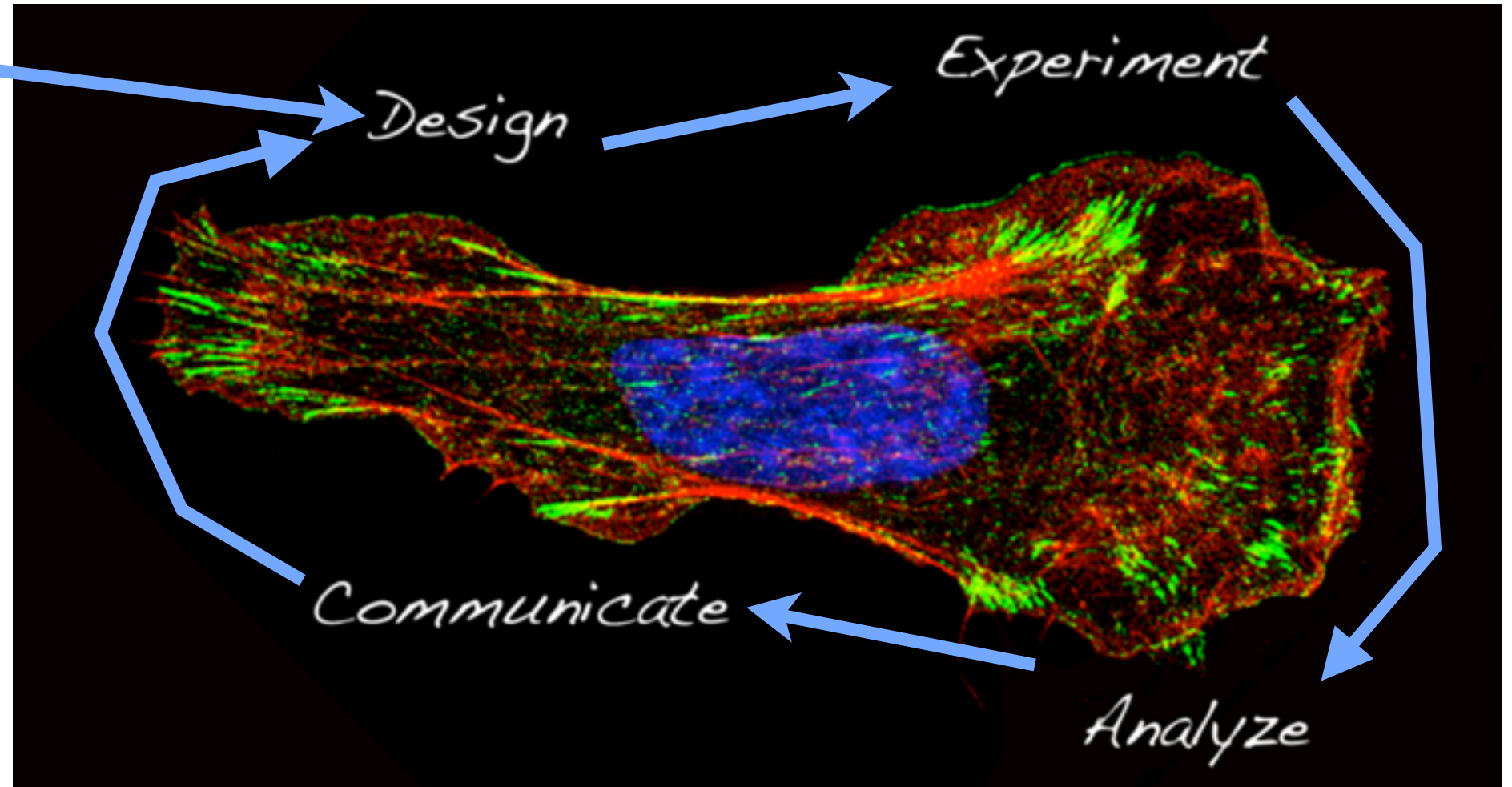


# 20.109 Core Mission

- \* To prepare students to be the future of Biological Engineering
- \* To teach cutting edge research skill and technology through an authentic research experience
- \* To inspire rigorous data analysis and its thoughtful communication

# 20.109's Standard Workflow

We start here



But, you can't design an experiment if you haven't 'analyzed' some data!

# 20.109: Design

We aim to prevent “just follow the protocol” syndrome.





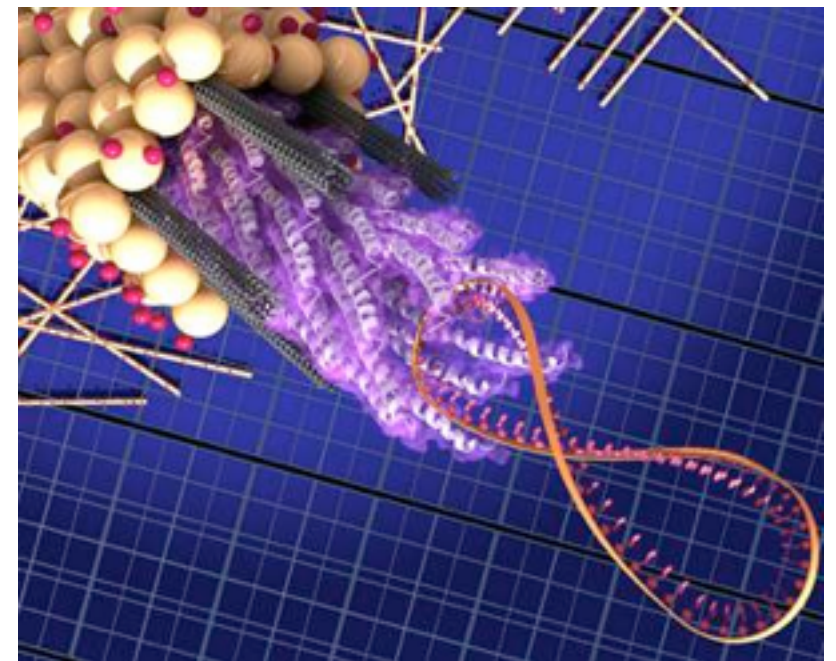
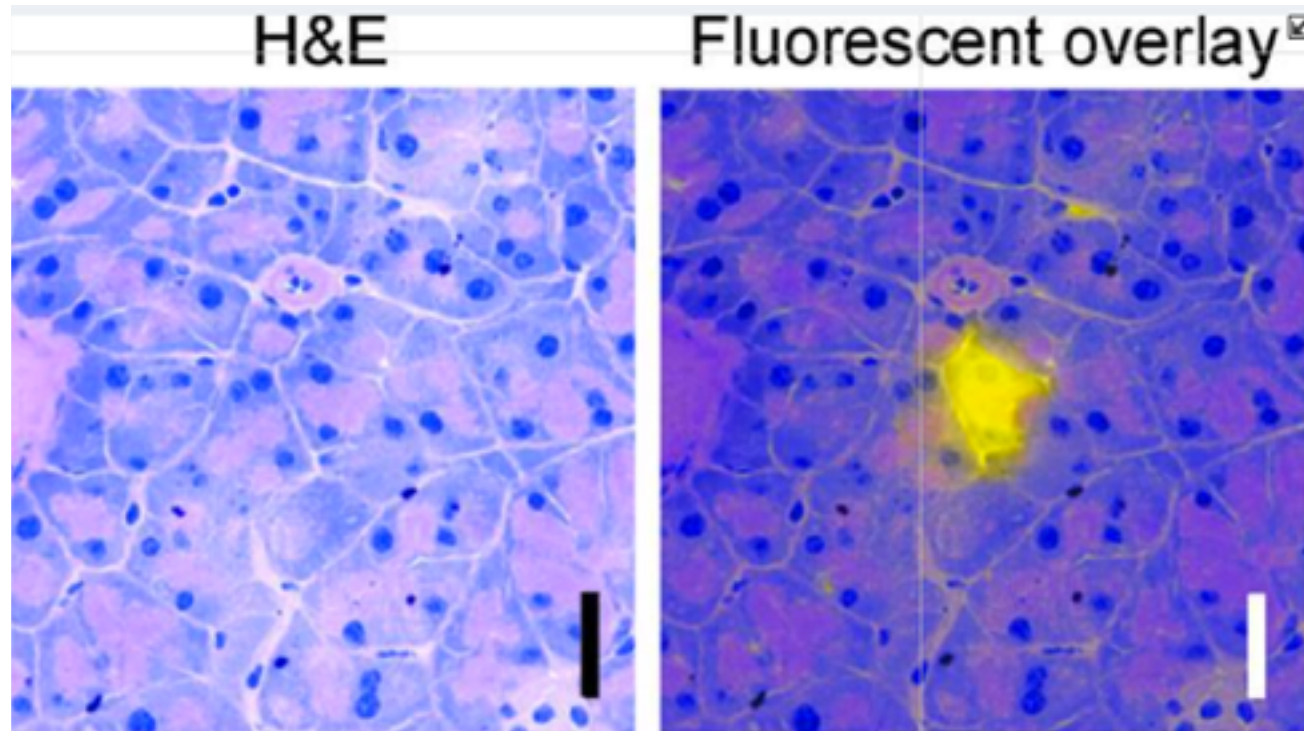
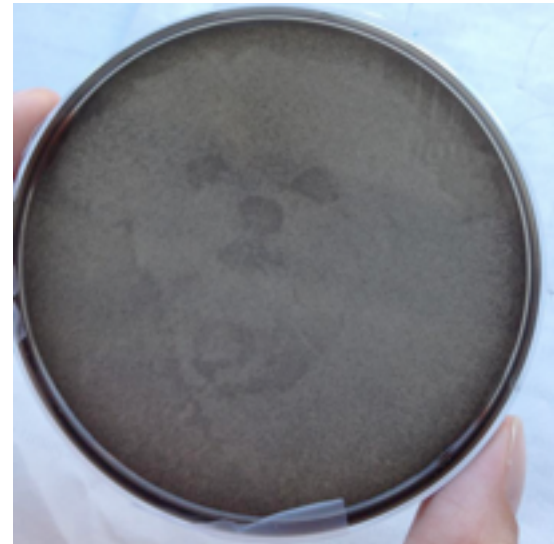
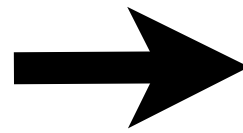
# 20.109: Experiment

You'll notice a pattern emerge...



“Supposing is good, but finding out is better.”~Mark Twain

# 20.109: Experiment



We will do relevant and cutting edge experiments.

# 20.109: Experiment

We will do relevant and cutting edge experiments.

And we do it safely:



[http://blogs.discovermagazine.com/bodyhorrors/2013/03/20/mouth\\_pipetting/#.Uh-277x56TJ](http://blogs.discovermagazine.com/bodyhorrors/2013/03/20/mouth_pipetting/#.Uh-277x56TJ)

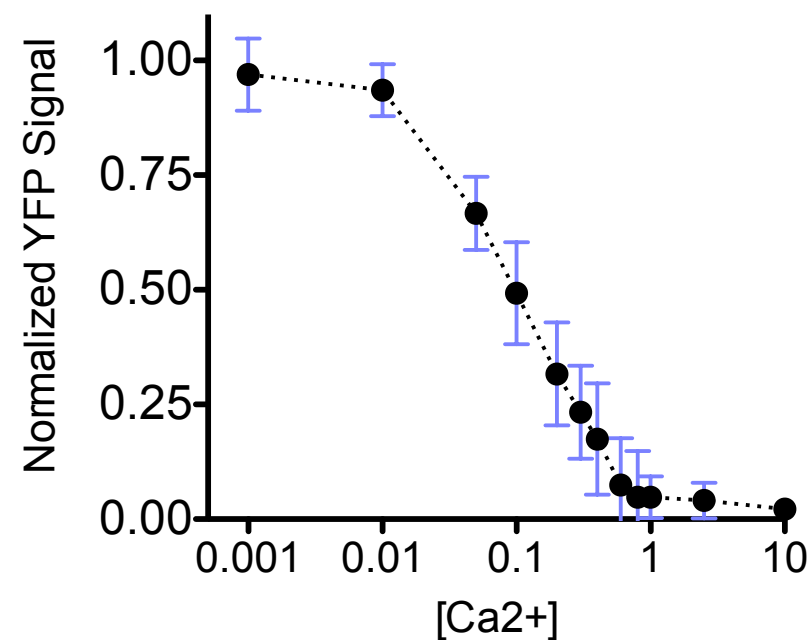


# 20.109: Analyze

Step one: What are the data?

X Title	Data Set-A												
X	A:Y1	A:Y2	A:Y3	A:Y4	A:Y5	A:Y6	A:Y7	A:Y8	A:Y9	A:Y10	A:Y11	A:Y12	A:Y13
0.001	1.000000	1.000000	0.848243	1.000000	0.713133	0.950588	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
0.010	0.806115	0.880406	1.000000	0.973925	1.000000	1.000000	0.894219	0.919256	0.931213	0.921518	0.972005	0.849801	0.918947
0.050	0.548535	0.735558	0.708449	0.779236	0.539573	0.641501	0.596857	0.594858	0.637694	0.598490	0.760630	0.674994	0.655455
0.100	0.502015	0.613624	0.338126	0.648407	0.347801	0.439509	0.364033	0.389130	0.438887	0.410905	0.665287	0.573336	0.425153
0.200	0.257326	0.357331	0.282499	0.605311	0.150865	0.255431	0.196695	0.242768	0.280211	0.259752	0.429967	0.357416	0.222382
0.300	0.152803	0.217029	0.210579	0.518589	0.237044	0.263803	0.123727	0.120837	0.174456	0.179095	0.155648	0.264536	0.194816
0.400	0.177765	0.083181	0.067909	0.459838	0.105253	0.129052	0.078437	0.064896	0.116523	0.113035	0.216040	0.099032	0.122746
0.600	0.071051	0.000753	0.045545	0.422433	0.018956	0.041174	0.030107	0.022286	0.050173	0.064494	0.035743	0.066997	0.055030
0.800	0.024218	0.000000	0.020483	0.411027	0.020630	0.000000	0.016070	0.019293	0.022485	0.000000	0.051325	0.000000	0.046801
1.000	0.026194	0.098671	0.015087	0.000910	0.093265	0.098757	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.013153	0.054582	0.060170	0.077899
2.500	0.004186	0.094503	0.000000	0.000000	0.026212	0.043179	0.047481	0.028909	0.004165	0.009882	0.038296	0.074874	0.066173
10.000	0.000000	0.059246	0.059780	0.012342	0.000000	0.002607	0.040768	0.006809	0.007207	0.016250	0.000000	0.022207	0.000000

20.109 W/F WT Combined Data

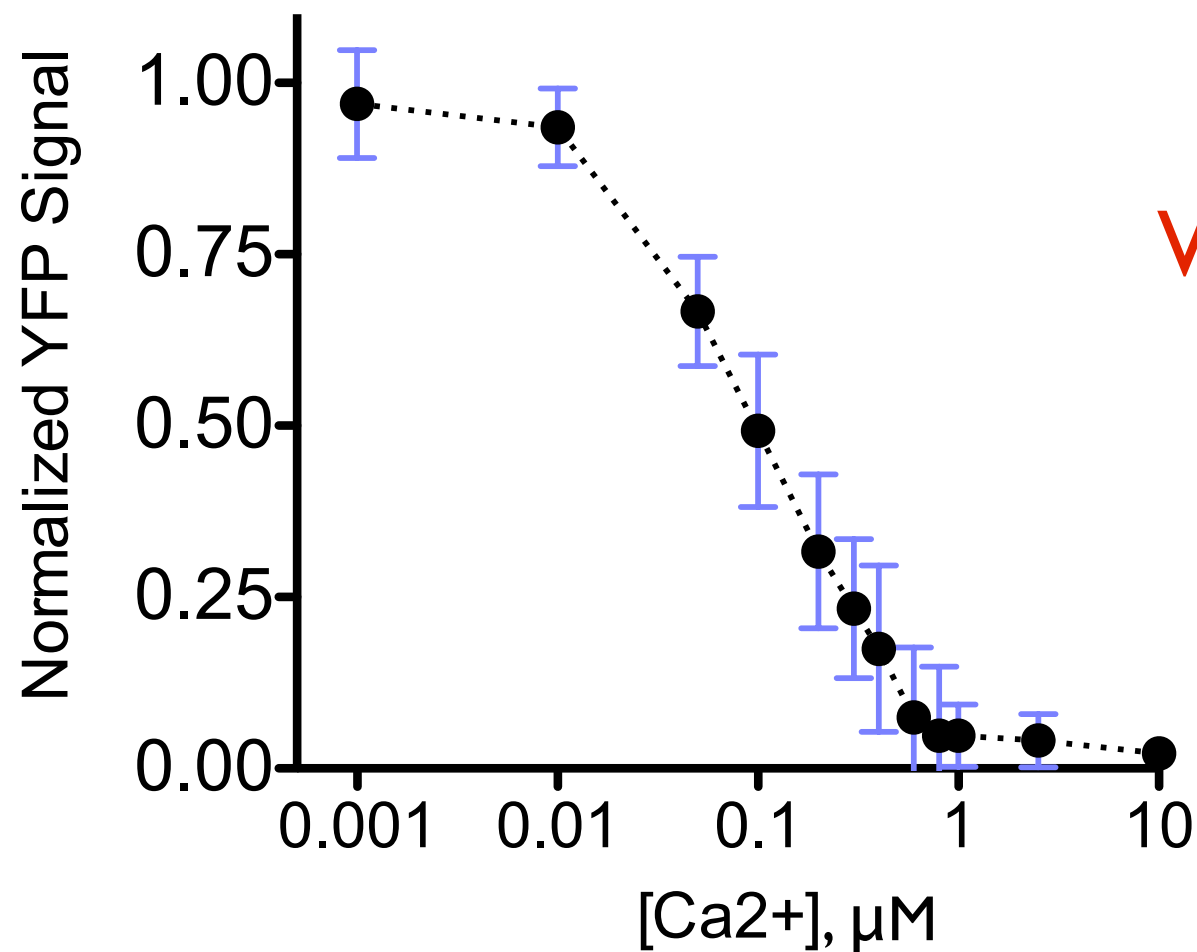


Data  $\neq$  Understanding

# 20.109: Analyze

**\*Step two\*:** What are the data telling you?

20.109 W/F WT Combined Data

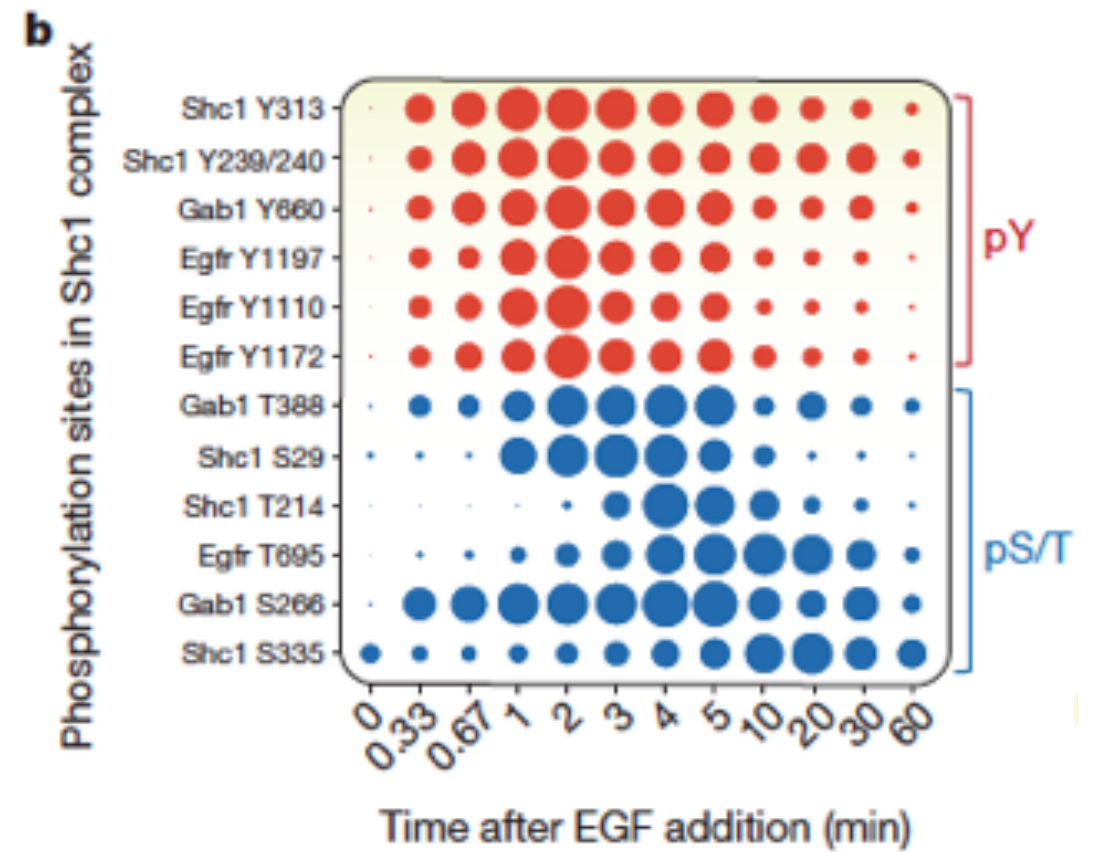
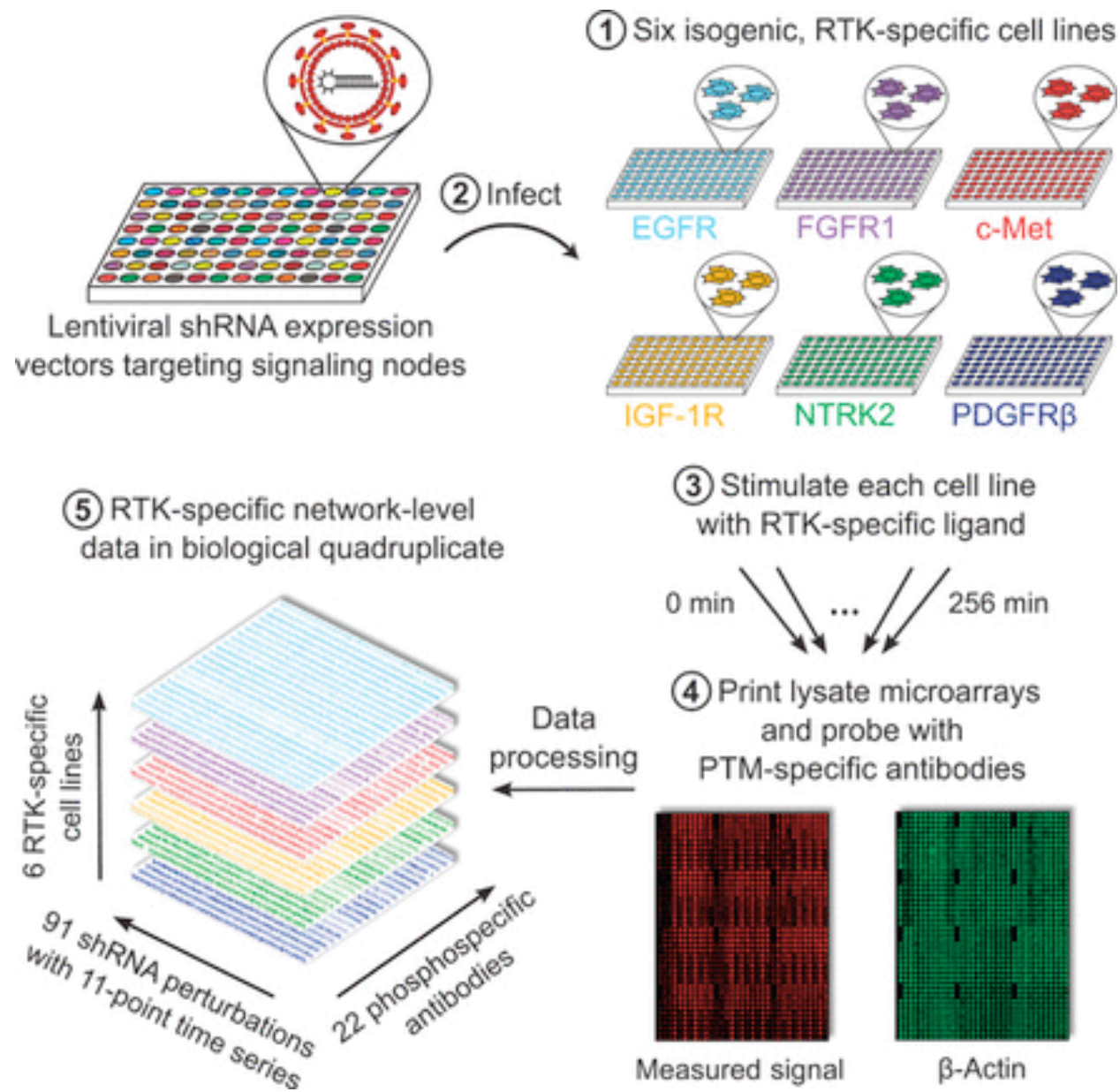


What is the working range of this Ca<sup>2+</sup> sensor?

Can we detect changes in extracellular [Ca<sup>2+</sup>]?



# 20.109: Communicate



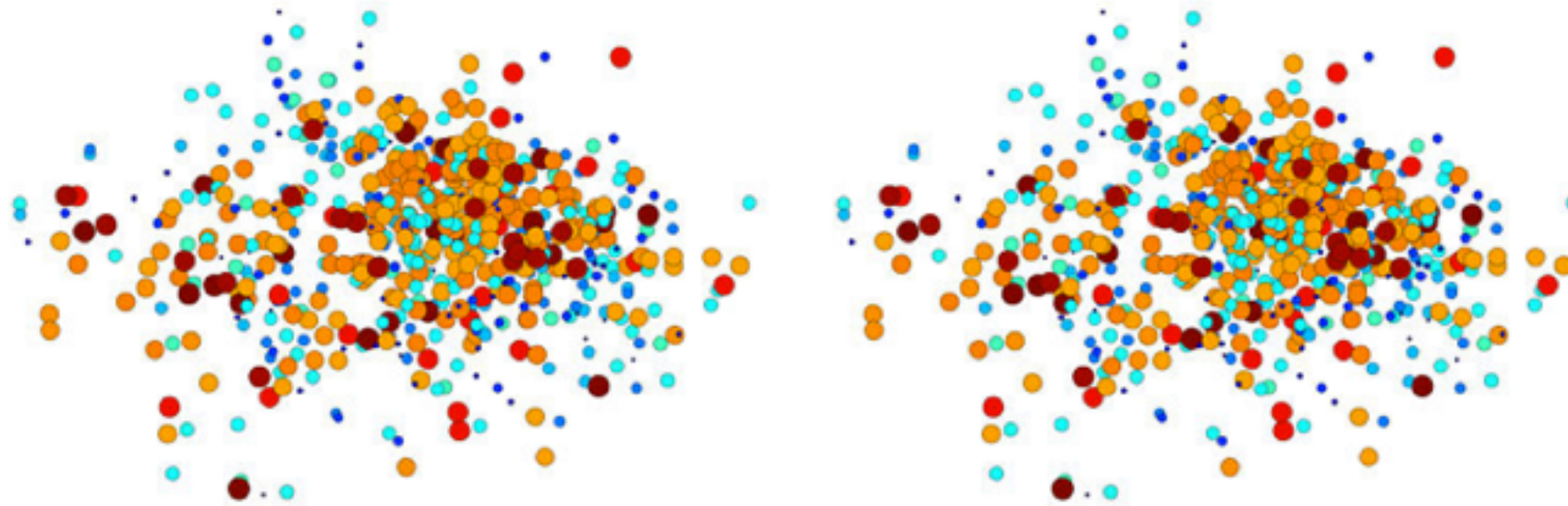
Tell your story!



# 20.109: The Plan

20.109(F14)

## 20.109(F14): Laboratory Fundamentals of Biological Engineering



Home   People   Schedule Fall 2014   Assignments   Lab Basics   OWW Basics  
DNA Engineering   System Engineering   Biomaterials Engineering

---

Welcome and Details for Fall 2014 [edit]

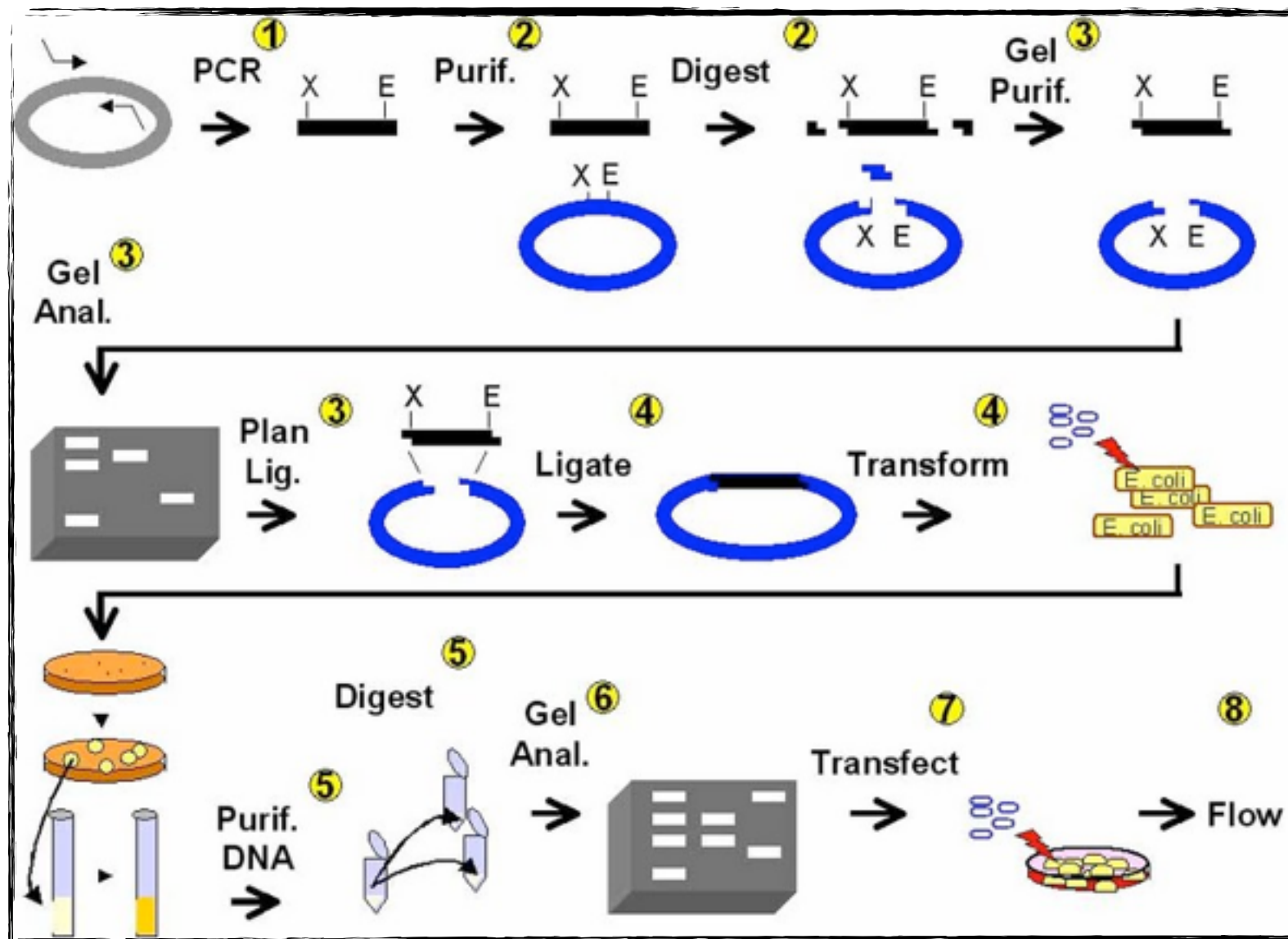
---

**Lecture:** T/R 11-12 (16-220)  
**Lab:** T/R 1-5 or W/F 1-5 (56-322)  
**People:** Instructor and student web pages may be found at the linked [People](#) page.

- |          |                                       |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| Module 1 | DNA Engineering (B. Engelward)        |
| Module 2 | System Engineering (N. Kuldell)       |
| Module 3 | Biomaterials Engineering (A. Belcher) |

[openwetware.org/wiki/20.109\(F14\)](http://openwetware.org/wiki/20.109(F14))

# DNA Engineering: Module I



## Experiments:

- \* Design and create vectors for expressing fluorescent protein in mouse embryonic stem cells.
- \* Use fluorescence to analyze recombination of damaged DNA substrates.

## Lab Skills:

Retrieve and manipulate sequences from databases

Clone PCR-amplified DNA fragments

Transfection of mammalian cells & Flow Cytometry

# Systems Engineering: Module 2



## *Experiments:*

- \* Measure bacterial photography output
- \* Screen library for mutations that increase dynamic range of system
- \* Identify amino acid changes and their consequences

## *Lab Skills:*

Optimize a system

Genetic screen

Western analysis

Sequence analysis

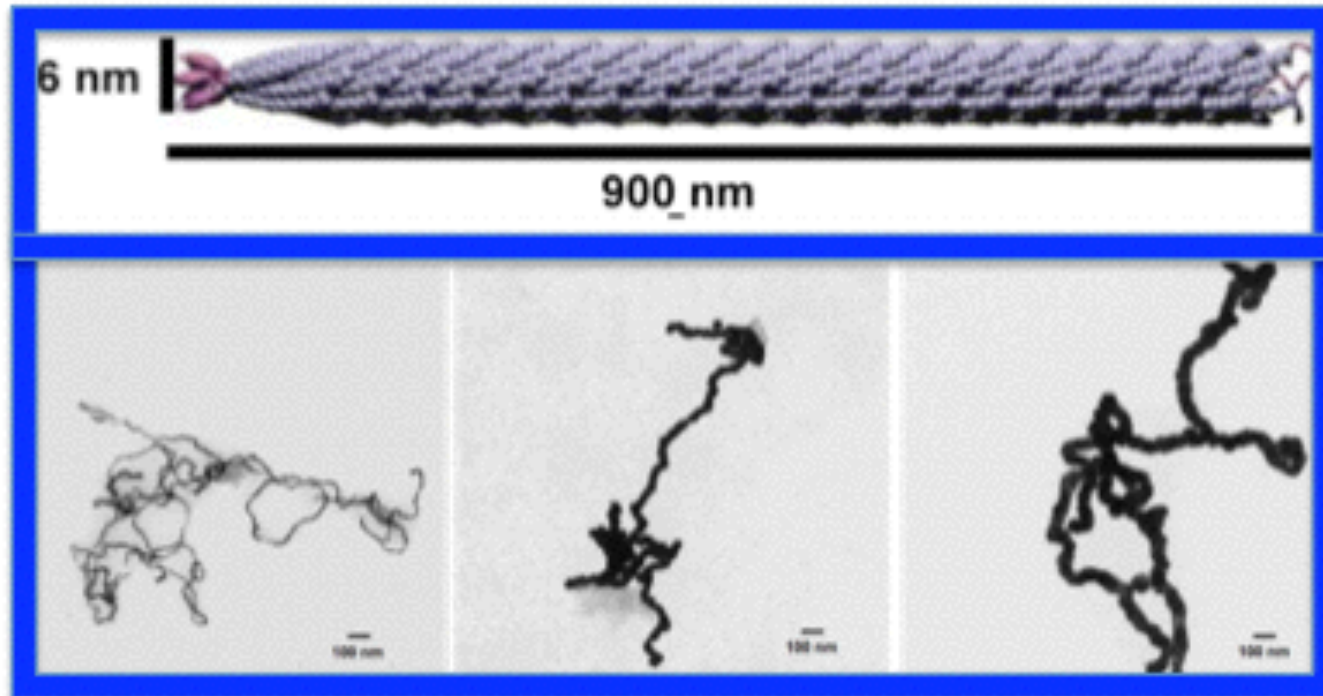
$\beta$ -gal assay



# Biomaterial Engineering: Module 3

## *Experiments:*

- \* Mineralize phage surface with gold or SWNT
- \* TEM to visualize structure
- \* Assemble and test solar cells



M13 nanowires

TEM image of gold nanowires from Youjin Lee

## *Lab Skills:*

Bacteriophage M13 material production

Fabrication of bio-based devices

Parameter variation: effect of SWNT vs. gold at different ratios

# Course Logistics

## *Lectures:*

- \* Tues/Thurs -- 11-12pm in 16-220
- \* 109 Instructors + Prof. Samson—> Dr. Kuldell --> Prof. Belcher  
(corresponds to module)

## *Lab:*

- \* Tues/Thurs -- 1-5pm in 56-322 (Noreen & Shannon)
- \* Wed/Fri -- 1-5pm in 56-322 (Agi)
- \* **There are no\* make-up labs.**

## *Important details:*

- \* You will work in pairs in the lab.
- \* Collaboration with integrity is key.

\*some v. limited exceptions

# Written and oral scientific communication

Module	Topic	Assignment	% of Final Grade
1	DNA Engineering	Methods section	5
		Data Summary + Abstract	15
2	System Engineering	Research article	25
		Journal club presentation	10
3	Biomaterial Engineering	Research idea presentation	20
		Mini report	5

*Remaining 20% comes from daily work and participation.*

# Written and oral scientific communication

- Stories help us remember
  - Archimedes, Newton, Kekulé
- You discover the narrative that the data tell
- Then convince an **audience** of your findings
  - logical structure
  - step-by-step explanations
  - repetition of central ideas
  - clear, effective visuals
  - ethical choices

***Your data should be true even if your story is wrong***

***~ Darcy Kelley, Columbia*** (from *The Canon*, N. Angier)



# Written and oral scientific communication

Inbox (533) - hughes.sha... x 20.109(F14): Assignments... x Truthiness research: Cogn... x Localized and reversible T... x Should scientists tell stori... x what story is my data te

www.nature.com/nmeth/journal/v10/n11/full/nmeth.2726.html

home ▶ archive ▶ issue ▶ editorial ▶ full text

NATURE METHODS | EDITORIAL

## Should scientists tell stories?

*Nature Methods* 10, 1037 (2013) | doi:10.1038/nmeth.2726  
Published online 30 October 2013

PDF Citation Reprints Rights & permissions Article metrics

**A narrative can effectively communicate scientific information. But when telling a perfect story becomes an end in itself, the scientific process can be easily compromised.**


**Subject terms:** Scientific community and society · Publishing · Culture

Everyone loves a good story, and writers of many kinds use narrative techniques to get their message across. A recent Points of View article (Krzywinski and Cairo, *Nat. Methods*

nature.com webcast  
Custom webcast: sponsor retains sole responsibility for c

### Targeting the untargeted translational research

Register for FREE

Presented by:  Sponsored by:  Agilent Tech

Editors' pick

## Help create our 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary issue cover!

# Written and oral scientific communication

“One may argue that in an idealized scholarly world, scientists should avoid storytelling. They should instead describe their original hypothesis, detail their experiments in the order conducted and present the data in the rawest form reasonable for interpretation. At the end they should state their conclusions.

But there are many problems with this scenario. Scientists are not automata and, in today's world, operate under substantial time pressures. Even if the scientist's colleagues in this idealized setting had the patience and time to navigate through a long, uninterpreted, purely factual exposition and to sufficiently grasp what was done and its significance, it would still be a cripplingly inefficient process. Furthermore, to borrow from the title of science historian Steven Shapin's recent book of essays, science is conducted by people “situated in time, space, culture and society, and struggling for credibility and authority.” An argument for papers written purely as a factual blow-by-blow account of experiments does not sufficiently take into account this reality.”

# Written and oral scientific communication

*We are not abandoning you to the unknown...*

*(1) WRAP instructors:*

\* Leslie Ann Roldan & Jessie Stickgold-Sarah

Lectures/discussions in class  
Written feedback on drafts  
Office hours by appointment

\* Atissa Banuazizi

Lectures/discussions in class  
One-on-one review of videotaped talk  
Office hours by appointment

*(2) BE Communications Lab:*

\* Writing fellows available to provide peer coaching

*(3) 20.109 instructors:*

\* Extensive feedback on drafts -- chances to revise major report

# Expectations

Some of your expectations of us

- that we will come to class and lab prepared
- that our assignments are clear and reasonable
- that we will treat every 109er with respect
- that we will give everyone equal chance at success

Some of our expectations of you

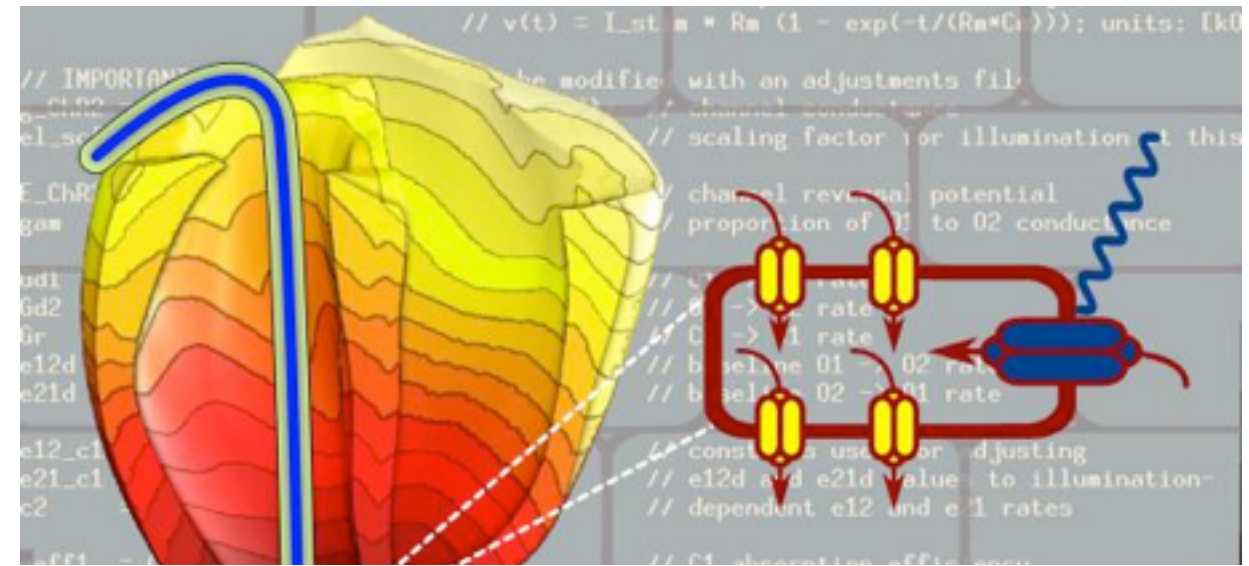
- that you will come to class and lab prepared
- that you will not interfere with each other's learning
  - that you will invest the very best of yourself
- that you will offer honest and frequent feedback



## After 20.109, you will be able to:

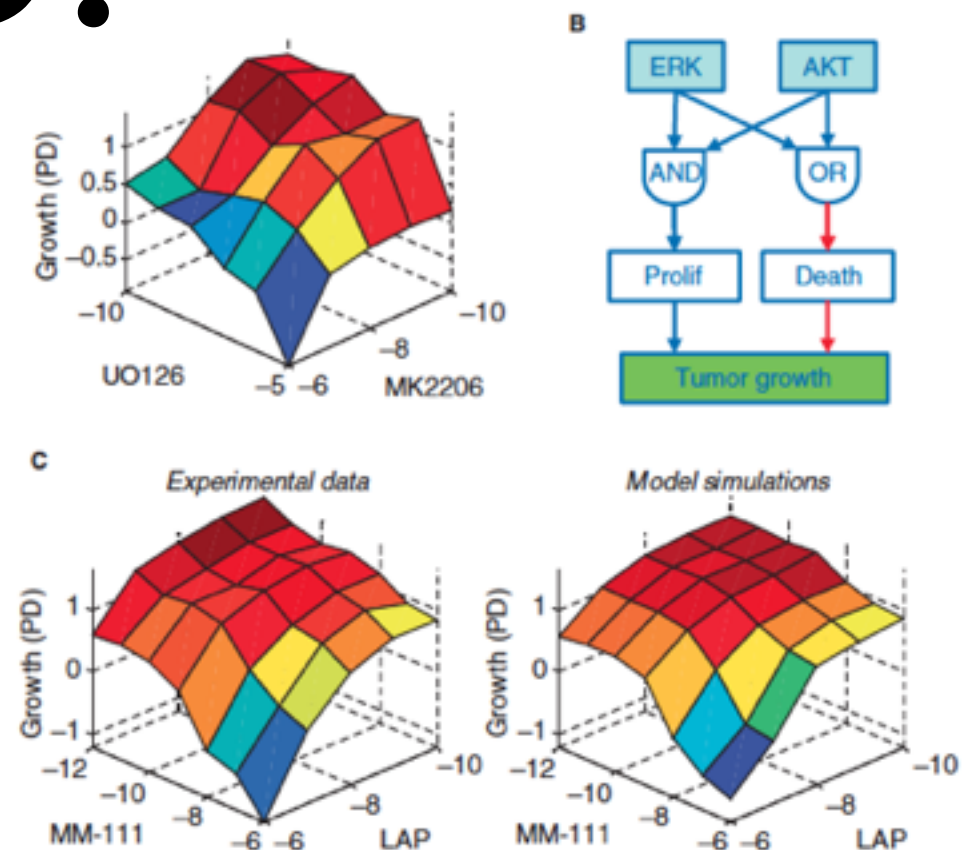
- Organize a constructive lab notebook
- Implement lab protocols & *troubleshoot*
- Design novel experiments with appropriate controls
- Interpret qualitative data
- Analyze quantitative data
- Recognize the utility of models
- Critically examine the scientific literature
- Communicate your science through writing and oral presentation
- Work as a team and provide constructive and helpful feedback and aid to other engineers/scientists

# ...The future of biological engineering.



**Future Heart Attack Treatments Will Use  
Volts, to Keep Your Heart Beating**  
Friday, Aug. 30, 2013, at 4:44 PM (Slate.com)

# YOU!



Kirouac et al. *Sci Signaling*, Aug 2013

<http://technology-regions.blogspot.com/2009/03/color-change-paper-tests-such-as-those.html>