

- Announcements
- Quiz (D2 and D3)
- Pre-lab Lecture
 - ❖ Cell dilutions
 - ❖ RT-PCR
 - ❖ Today in Lab (Mod 3 Day 4+)

Announcements

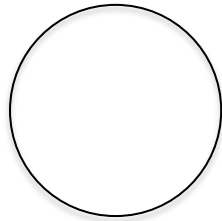
- M2 report returned today (by email)
 - 1 week to revise for up to 1 letter grade increase
 - comments from Agi: methods/results; Alan: the rest
 - review FNTs too (e.g., avoid “positive control” framing)
- If going to TC second, during down-time can
 - prep RNA area
 - work on Module 3 report (viability analysis)
 - other as you see fit
- RNA work: double-check today’s protocol for when to take fresh collection tube

Cell dilutions for adherent cells

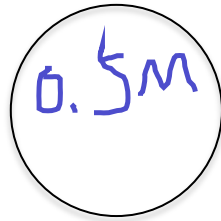
by convention, 2x dilution

Case 1

Cells: $1M$
(10^6)



1:2



$V_{\text{cells}} = 0.5 \text{ mL}$
 $V_{\text{med}} = 2.5 \text{ mL}$

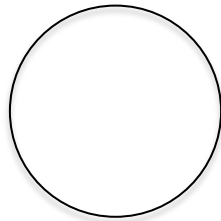
Area = A
 $V = 1 \text{ mL}$



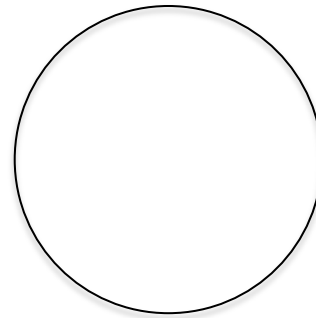
Area = A
 $V = 3 \text{ mL}$

Case 2

Cells: $1M$



1:2



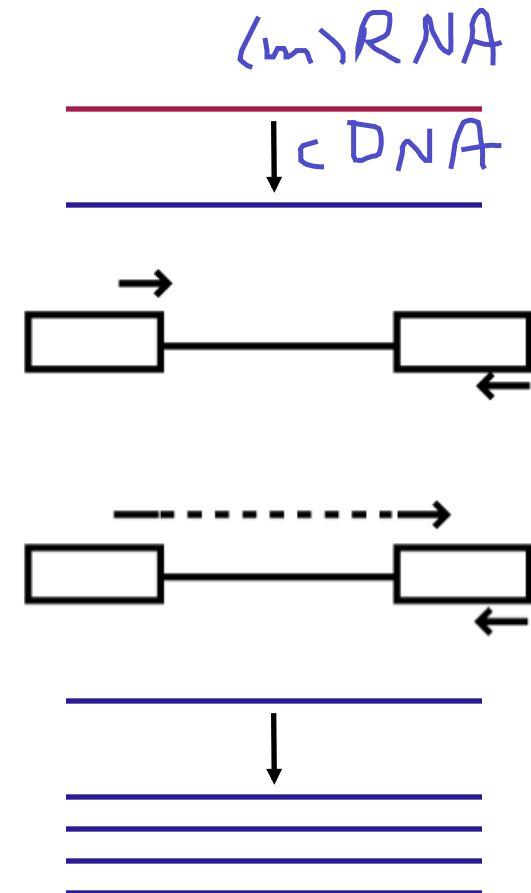
$V_{\text{cell}} = 1 \text{ mL}$

Area = A

Area = $2A$

RT-PCR recap and modifications

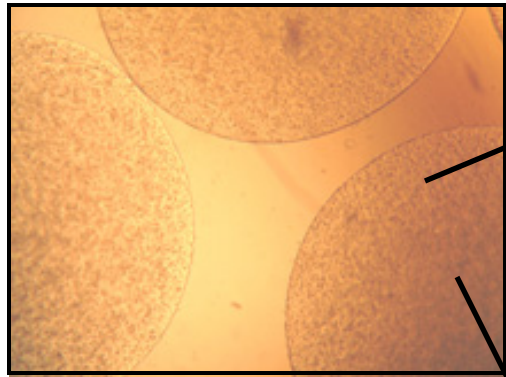
- **Goal:** determine relative gene expression levels of CN II and CN I in two culture conditions
- RT = reverse transcriptase
 - what does this enzyme do?
 - using non-specific primers – why?
copy entire cDNA pool at once
- Unique primer design needs
 - how to isolate transcript...
 - ... but not genomic DNA?
- What kinds of controls are desired?



RT and PCR controls

- RT step
 - no sample non-specific contamination
 - no RT trace genomic DNA
- PCR and analysis step
 - reference transcript: housekeeping gene
(GAPDH, 18S rRNA)
 - expected to be constant for all conditions
 - controls for starting amount of RNA
 - internal/co-amplified would be best, but complicated!

Module overview: 2nd half



1. Enzymatic digestions

pepsin @ 4°C papain @ 60°C
O/N O/N
→ elastase

A Test for collagen proteins (by ELISA)
B and for proteoglycans (with dye)

2. EDTA-citrate dissolution

RNase
free ★

① lyse (RLT/B.M.) ② homogenize
GM hood reduce viscosity

Purify (m)RNA from cells → Prepare complete cDNAs →

Next time run qPCR for CN II, CN I, and 18S RNA.