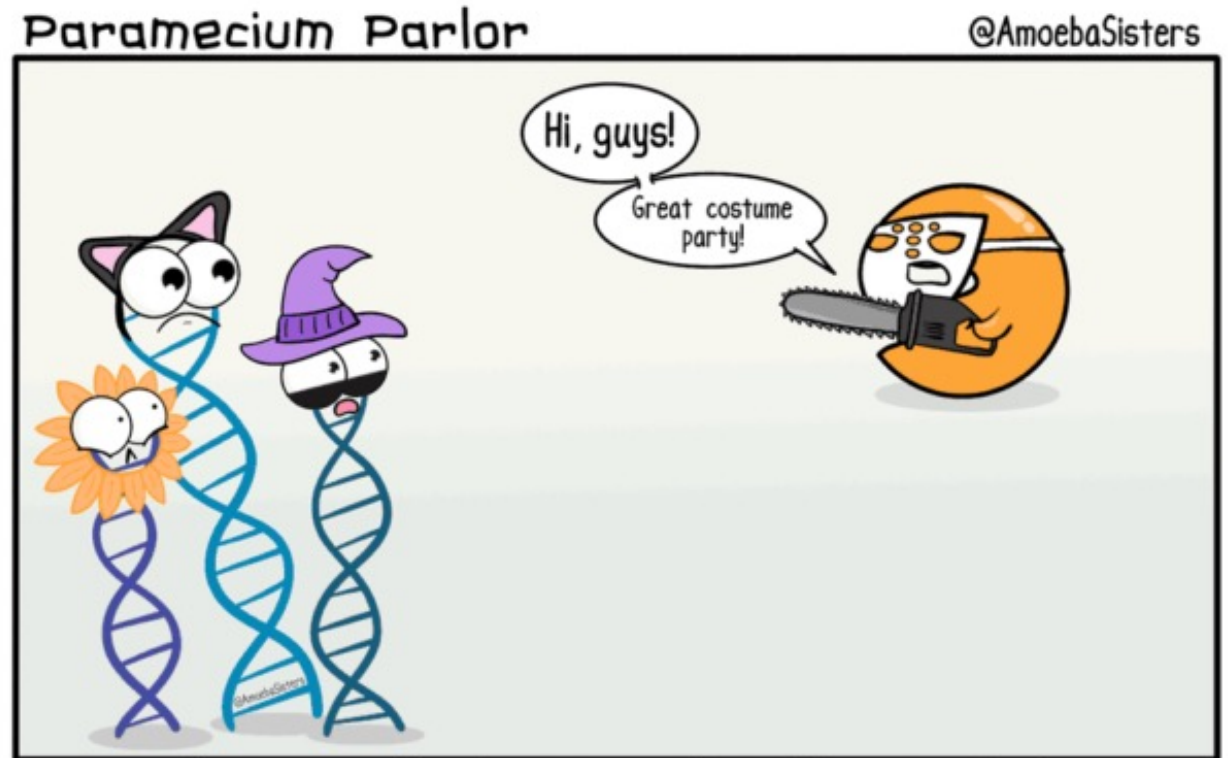


# M2D1: Complete in-silico cloning of protein expression plasmid

1. Prelab discussion
2. Complete DNA engineering exercise



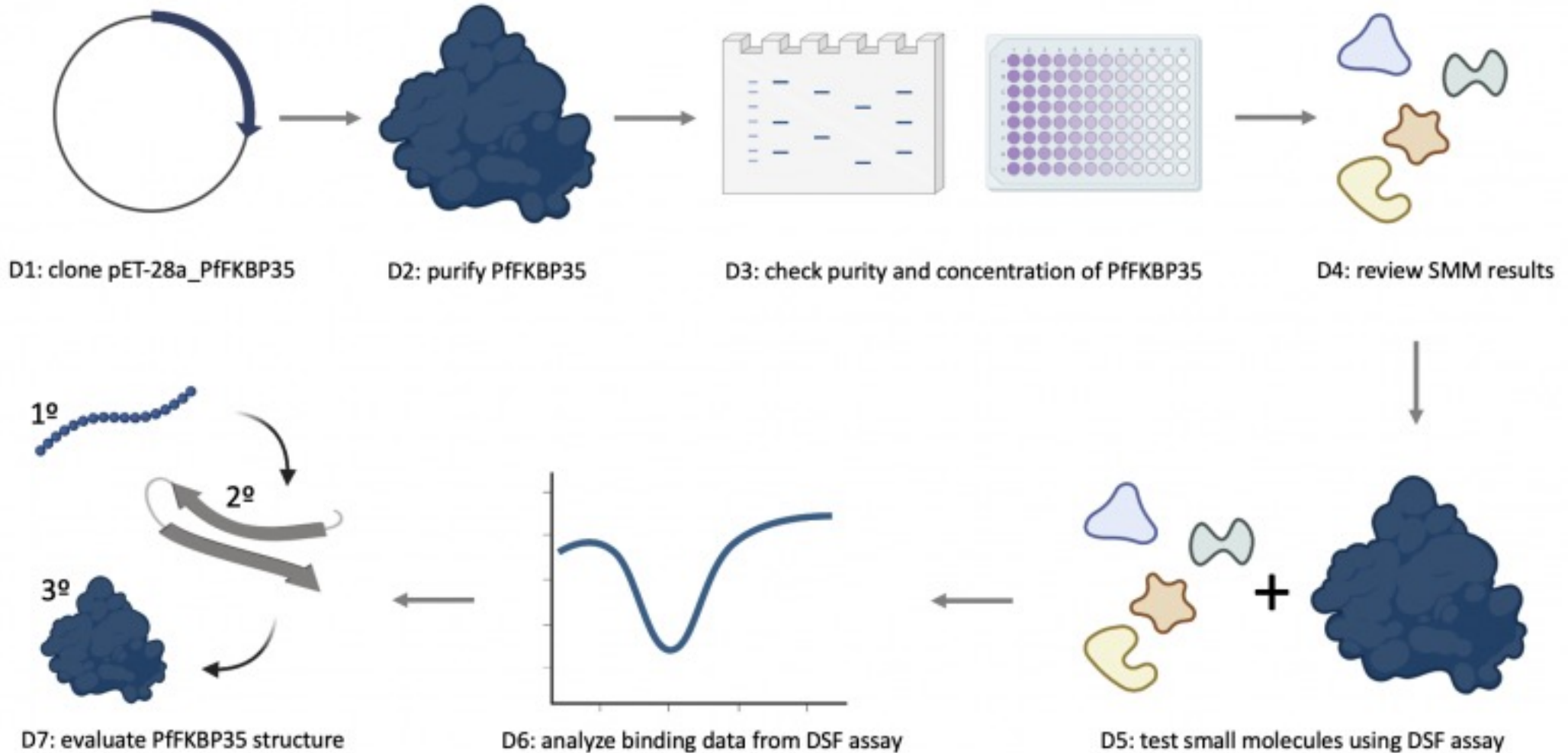
That was the last year the DNA invited the restriction enzyme to their Halloween party.

# Mod 2 Major Assignments

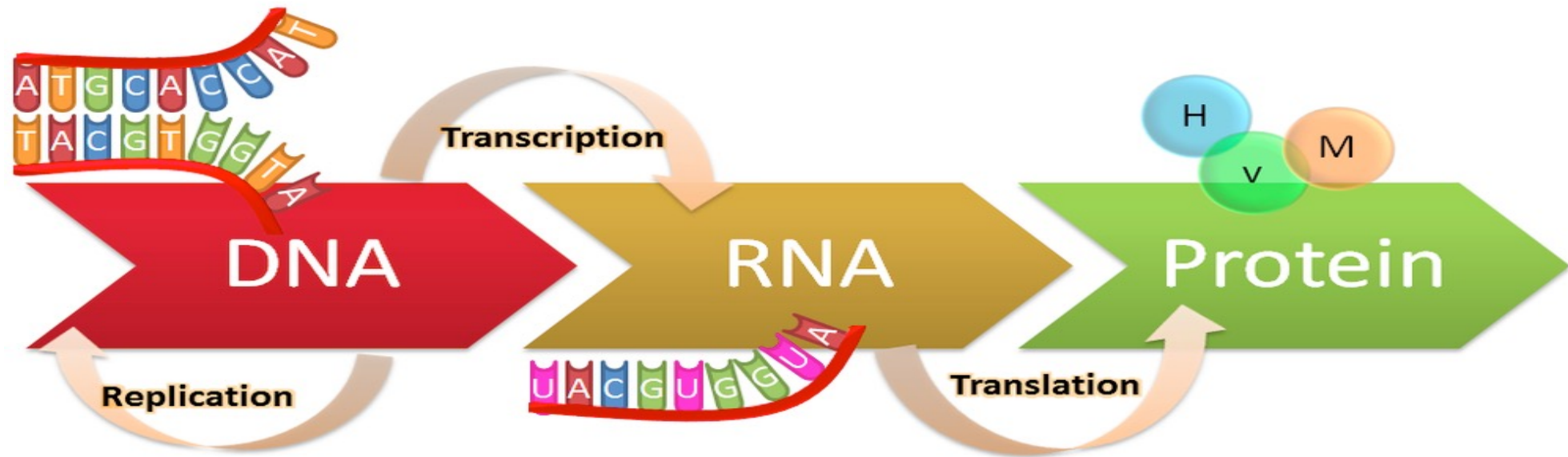
- **Journal Article presentation** (15%)
  - Individual
  - Presentations on 11/1 & 11/3
- **Research article** (20%)
  - Individual
  - due 11/21
- **Laboratory quizzes** (collectively 5%)
  - M2D4 and M2D7
- **Notebook** (collectively 5%)
  - one entry will be graded by Chyna 24 hr after M2D7
- **Blog** (part of 5% Participation)
  - due 11/5 & 11/22 via Slack channel

# Overview of M2: drug discovery

Research goal: Test small molecules for binding to the *Plasmodium falciparum* FKBP35 protein using a functional assay.



# How are proteins made?

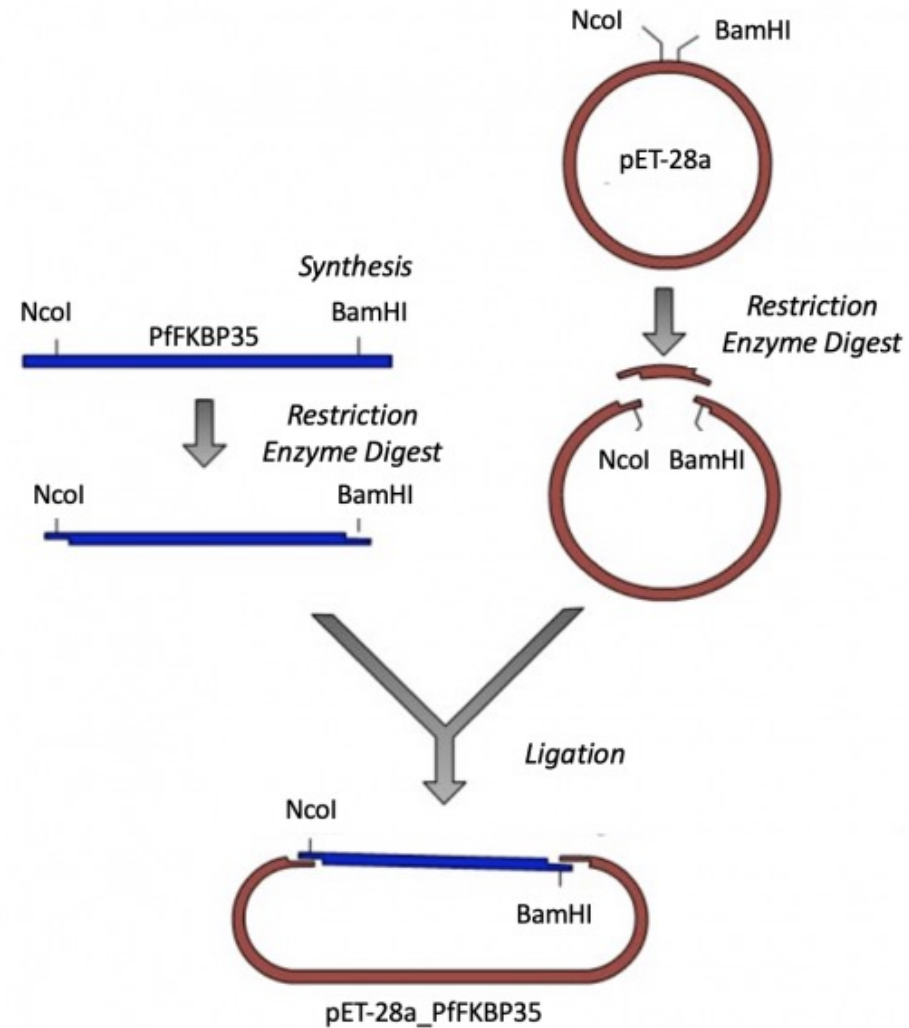


# What if we want to make a specific protein?

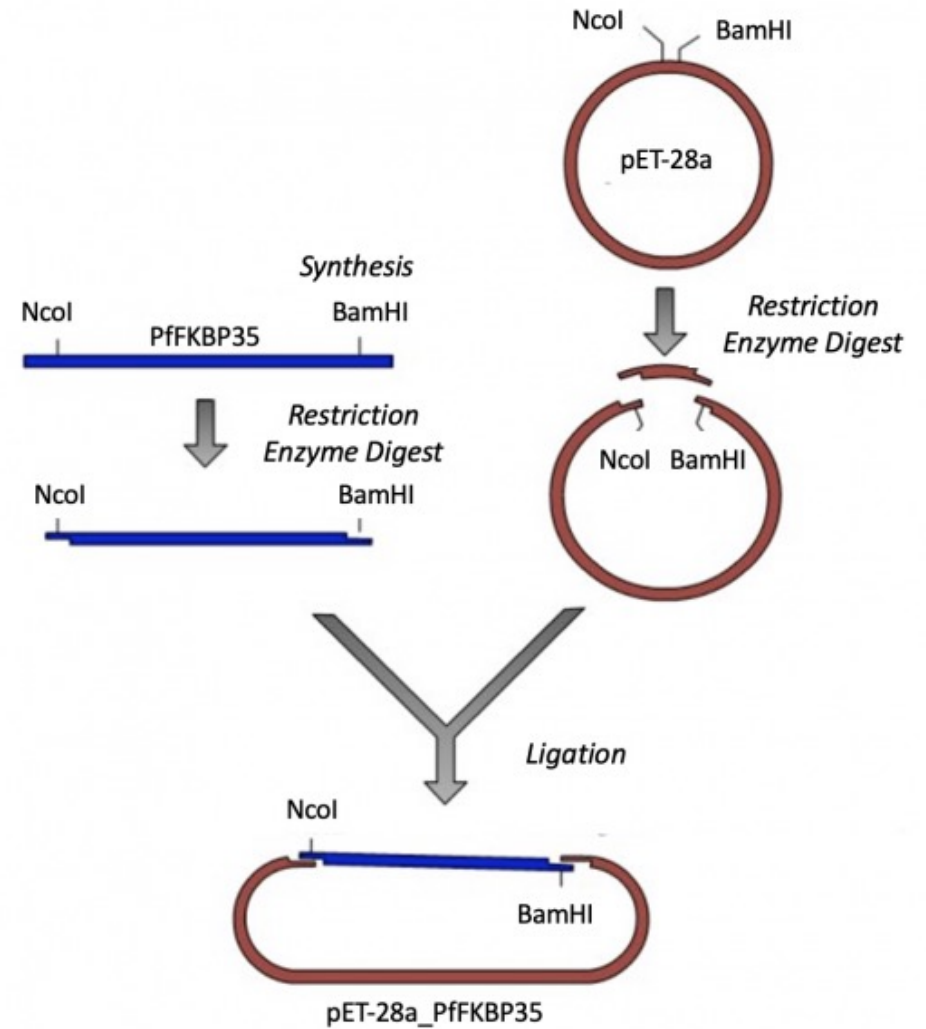
- Chemically synthesize protein by successively linking each amino acid
  - Complicated, **have to make each protein**, expensive
- Synthesize RNA encoding the protein
  - RNA degrades easily
  - Amplification: 1 RNA -> Many Proteins
- Create DNA encoding the protein
  - Highly stable, easily transformed into bacteria
  - Amplification Cascade: 1 DNA -> Many RNA -> Many Proteins

# What if we want to make a specific protein?

- Who are the players?
  - Insert
  - Vector
- What is the process?
  - Digestion
  - Ligation

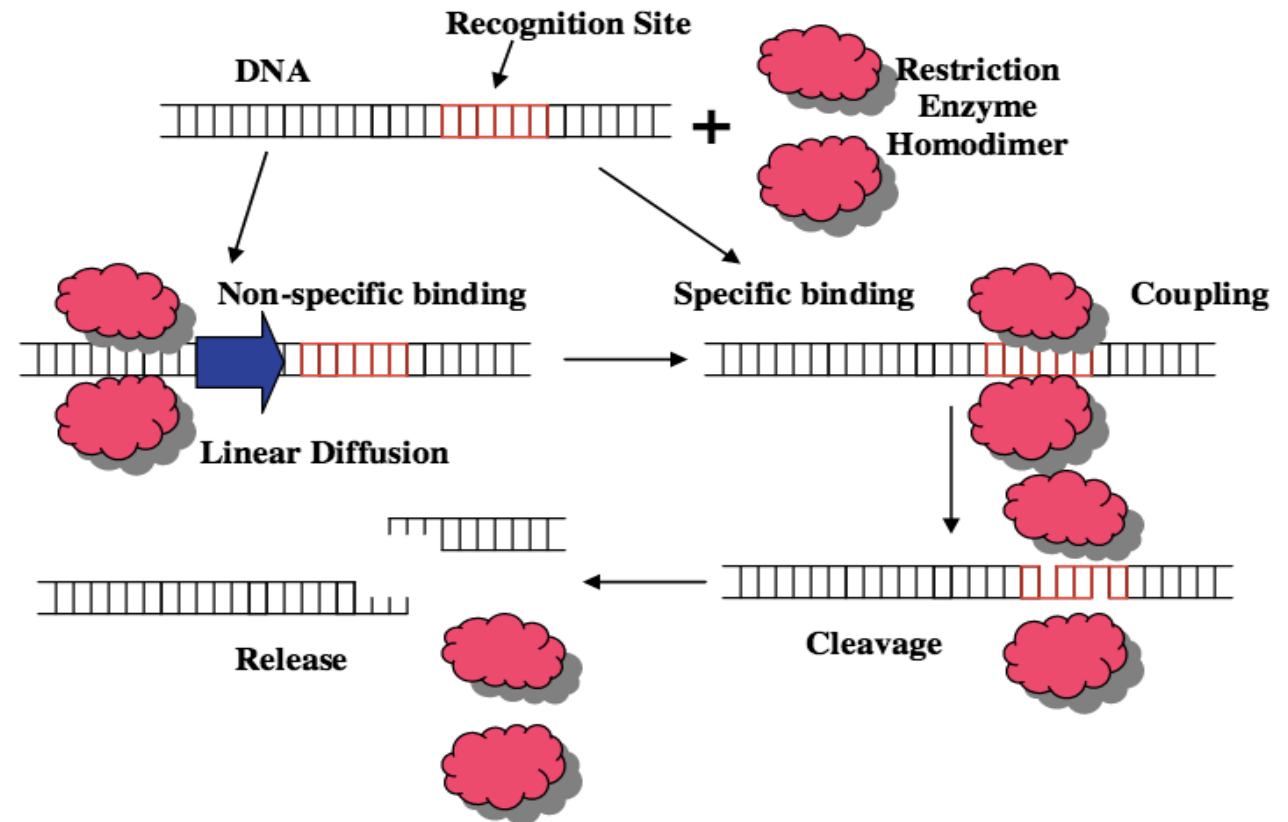


- Who are the players?
  - Insert
  - Vector
- What is the process?
  - Digestion
  - Ligation



# Digestion: restriction enzymes

- Function as homodimers
- Each dimer contains active site that cleaves backbone at site of palindromic recognition sequence
- Results in cleavage of both strands





# Digest reagents and conditions

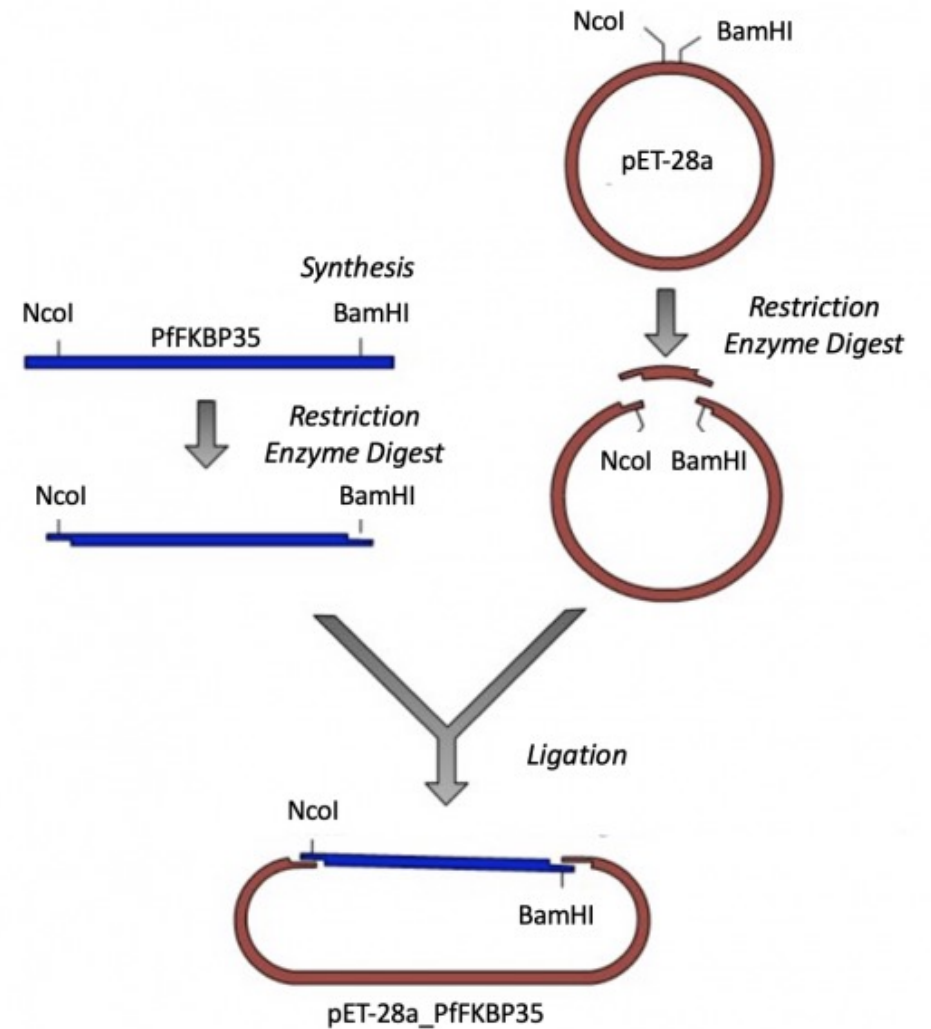
## **Reagents**

## **Conditions**

- Temperature:

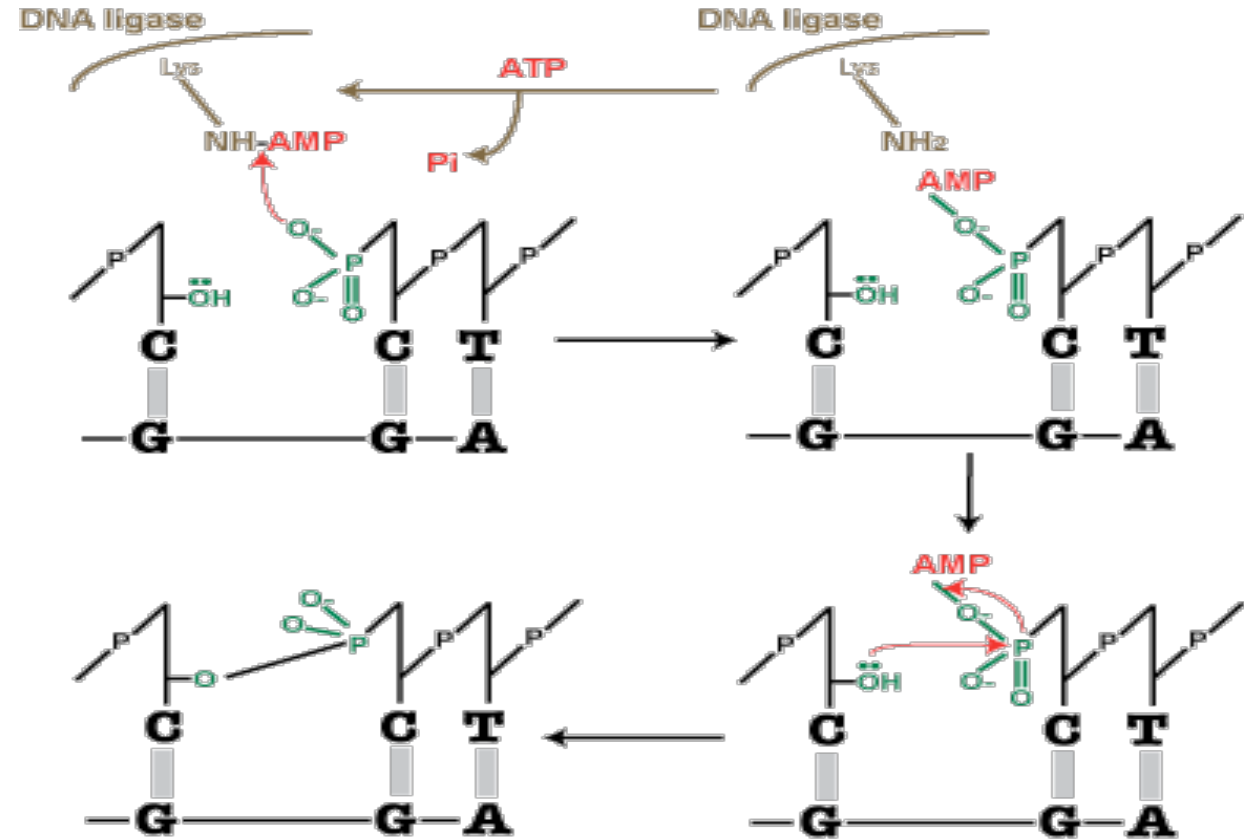
- Time:

- Who are the players?
  - Insert
  - Vector
- What is the process?
  - Digestion
  - Ligation

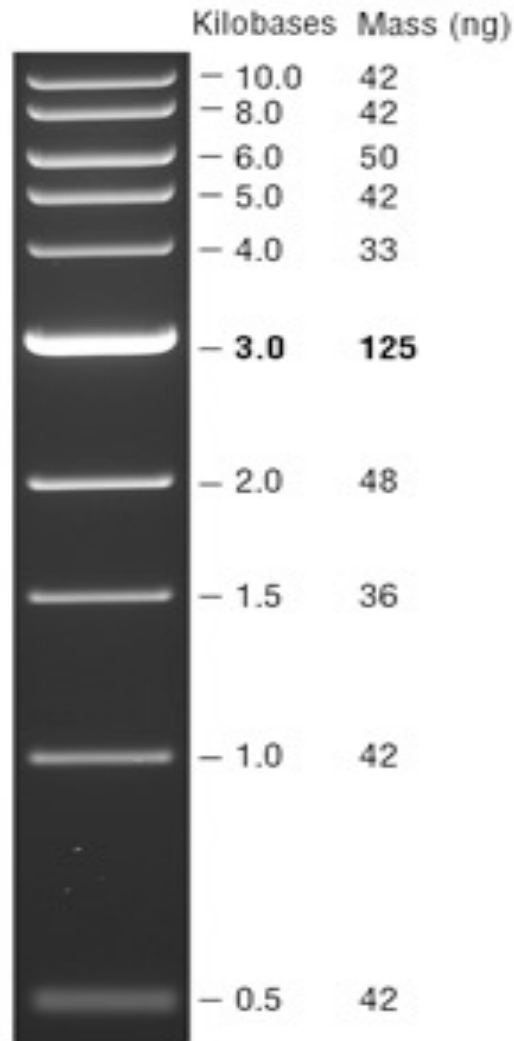
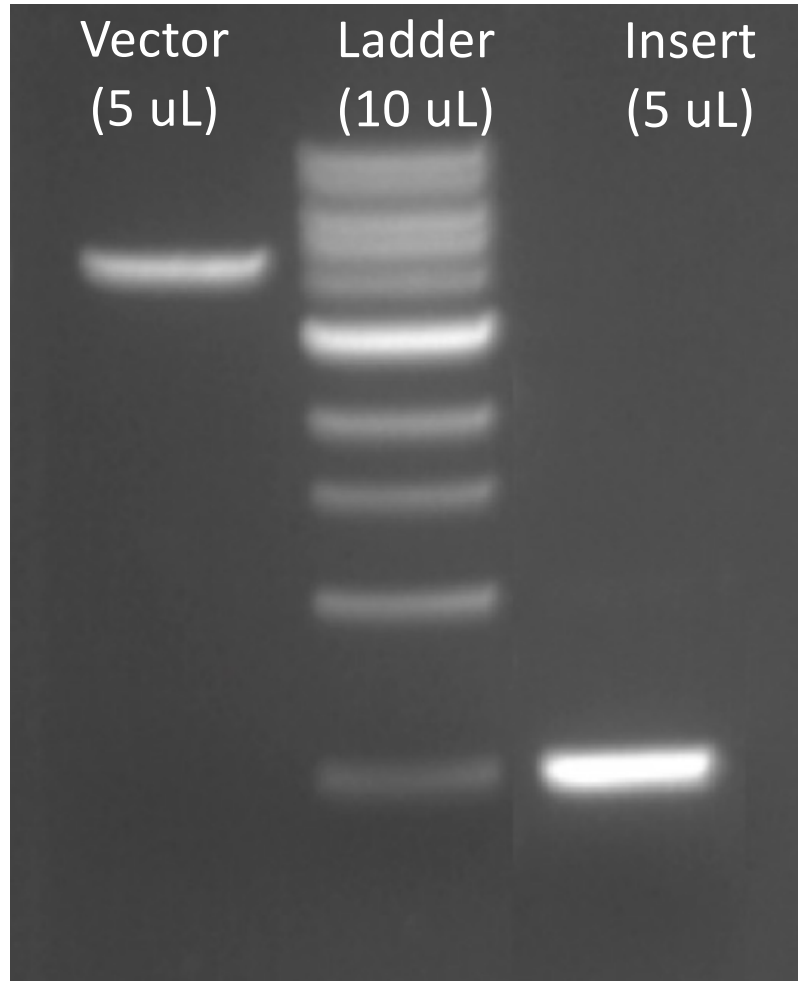


# Ligation: T4 DNA ligase

- Functions as a carrier for AMP leaving group
- Forms covalent phosphodiester bond between 3' OH acceptor and 5' phosphate donor
- Requires ATP



# Ligation conditions



- Ideally, want 3:1 **molar** ratio of insert:backbone
- Calculate molar amounts from measured concentrations and known sizes of DNA molecules

# Pro tips for ligation calculations

## 1. Determine volume of vector

- Use backbone concentration = 50 ng/uL
- Want 50 – 100 ng

## 2. Calculate moles of vector

- Vector = (you will discover this in the exercise) bp, MW bp = 660 g/mol

## 3. Calculate moles of insert

- Insert = (you will discover this in the exercise) bp, 3:1 ratio of insert:vector

## 4. Calculate volume of insert

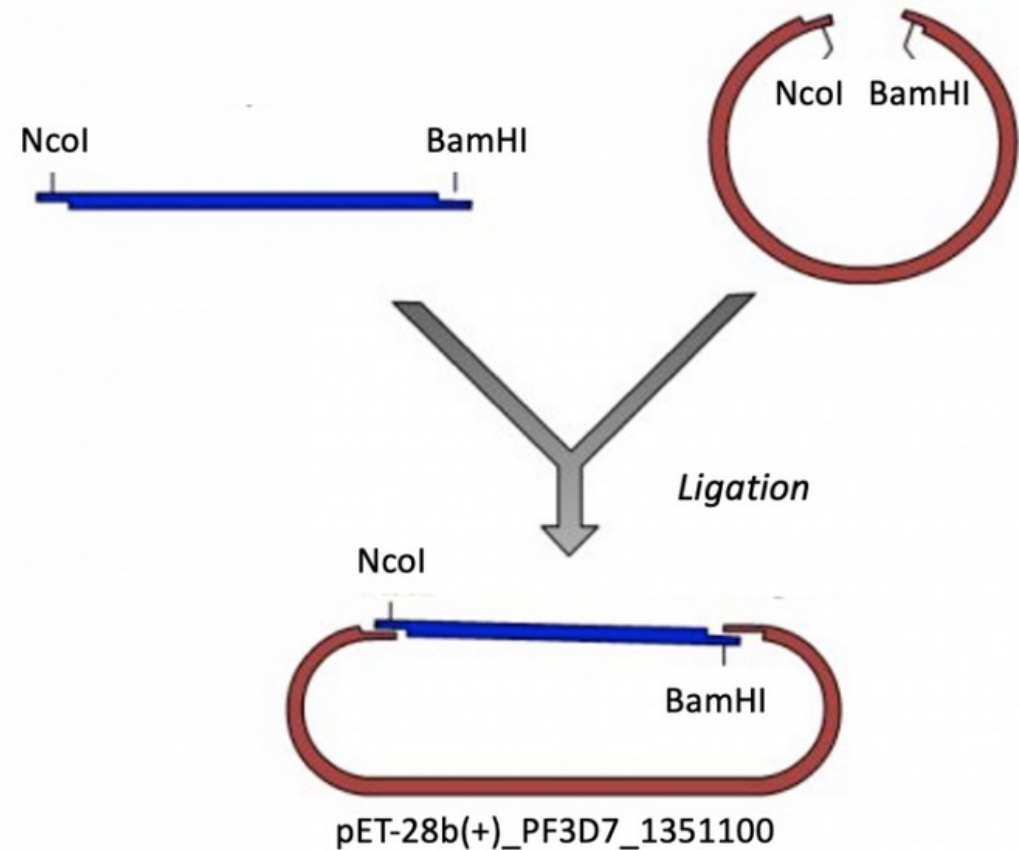
- Use insert concentration = 25 ng/uL

# How do we confirm the cloning product?

- Transformation

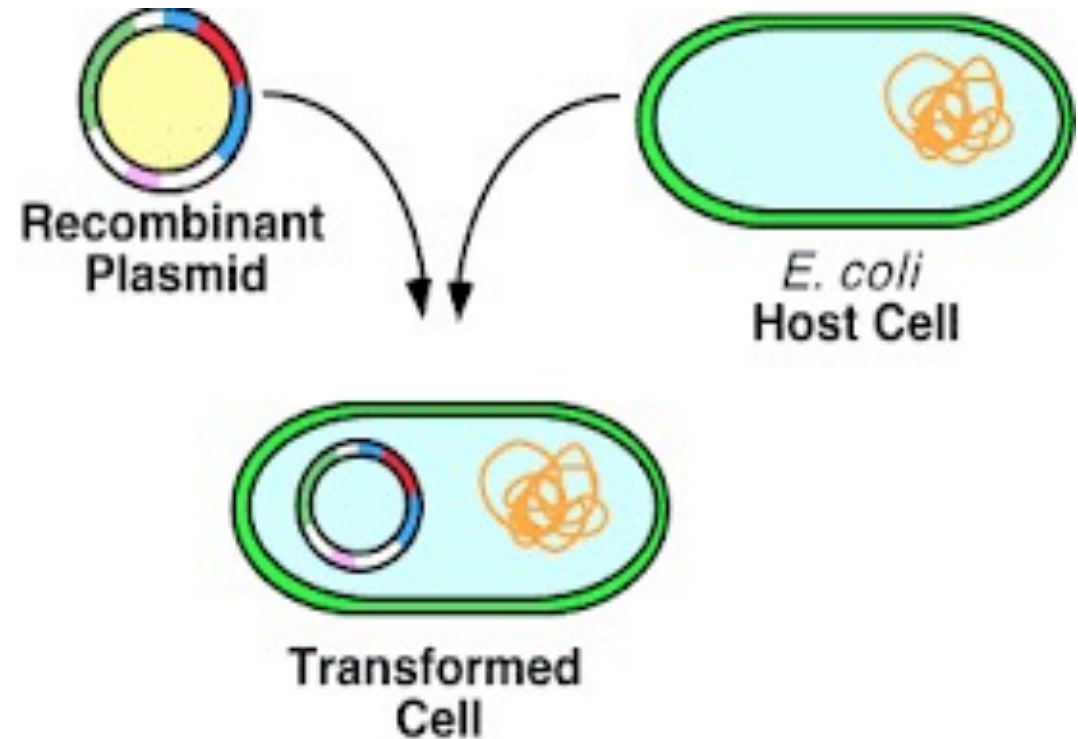
- Purification

- Digestion



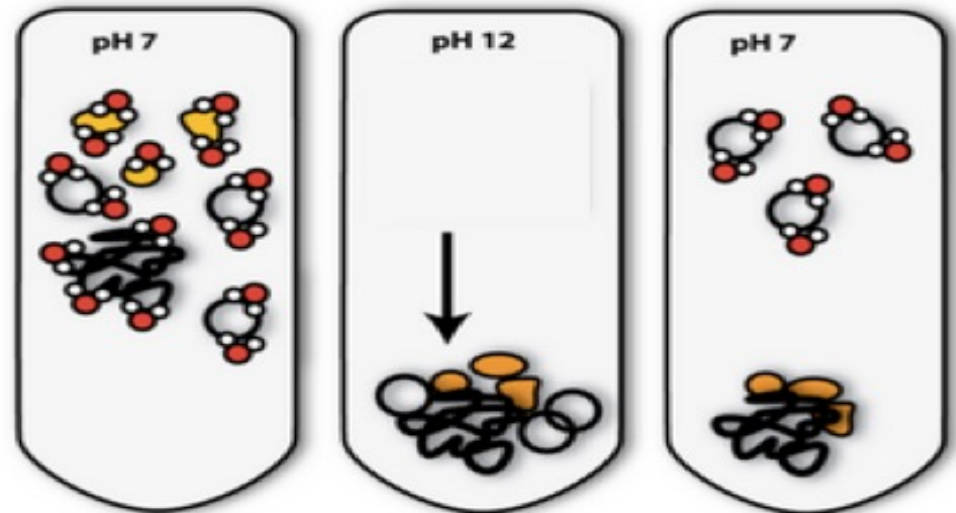
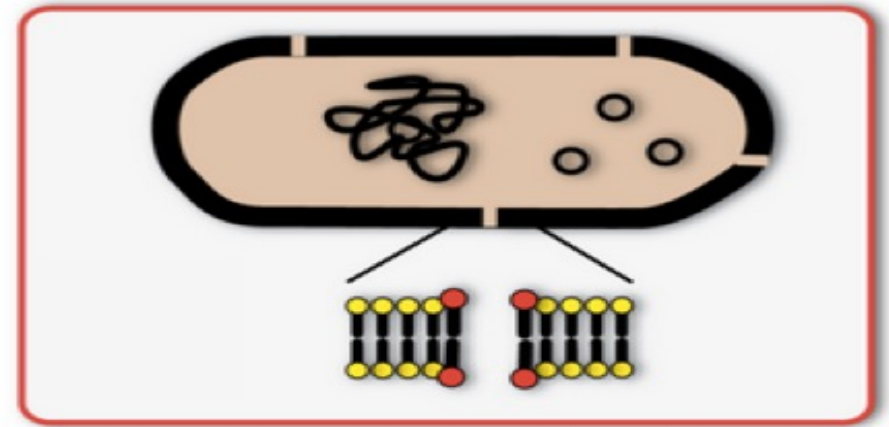
# Transform plasmid into bacteria for amplification

1. Incubation
2. Heat shock
3. Recovery
4. Selection



# Purify amplified plasmid for confirmation

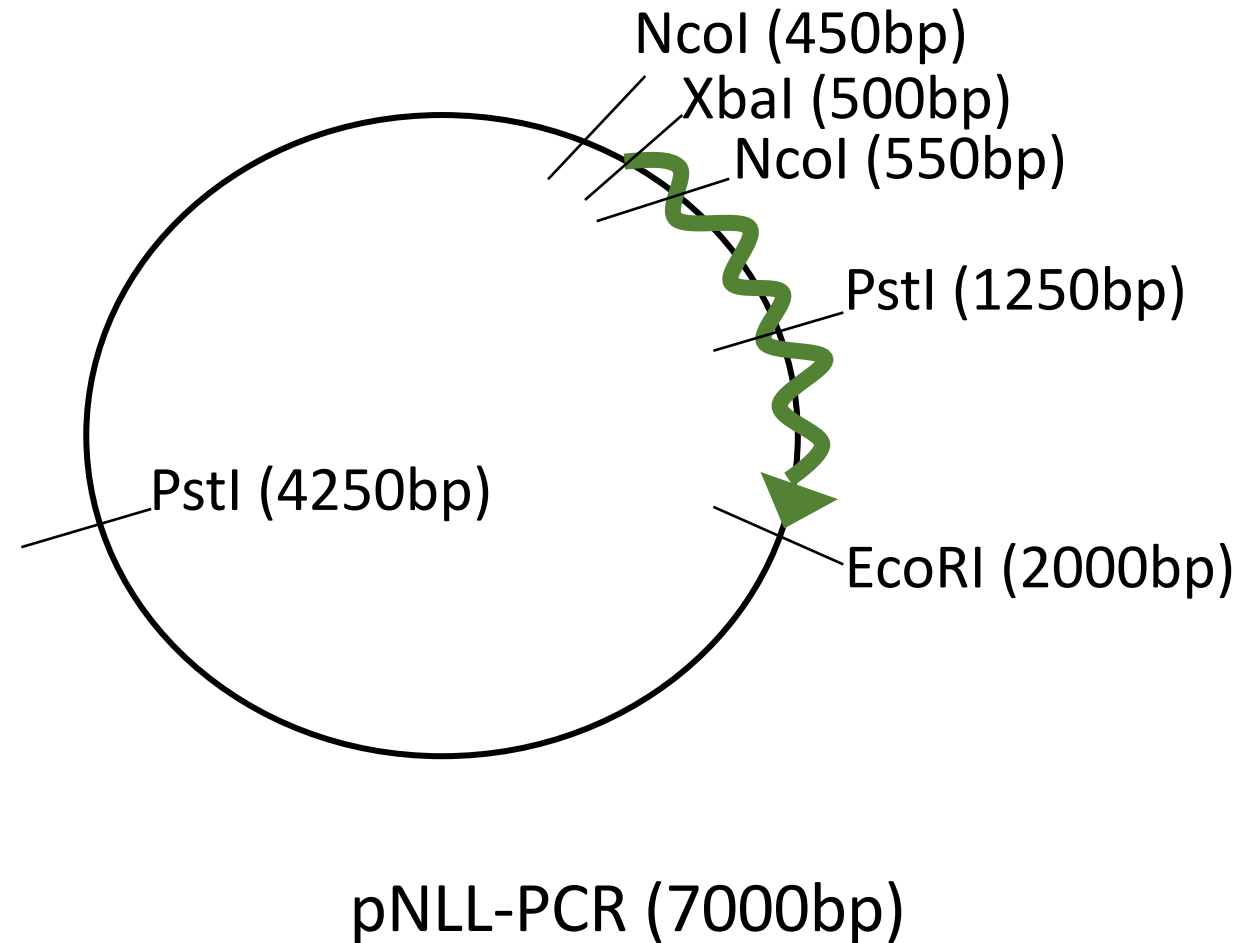
1. Resuspend cells
2. Lysis
3. Neutralization
4. Wash
5. Resuspend or elute DNA





# Confirmation digest follows plasmid purification

- Ideally, will cut once in insert and once in vector
  - XbaI and EcoRI?
  - PstI?
  - NcoI?



# For today...

- In silico cloning of your plasmid
- Set up restriction enzyme digest
  - Begin by 4:30pm

# For M2D2...

- Sign up for your article for the Journal Article presentation on the wiki
- Read your journal article, chose the figures you want to be the focus of your story, and answer the questions on the wiki