

- Announcements
- Quiz
- Luciferase review
- Microarrays: analysis, workflow
- Today in Lab (Mod 2 Day 7)

Announcements

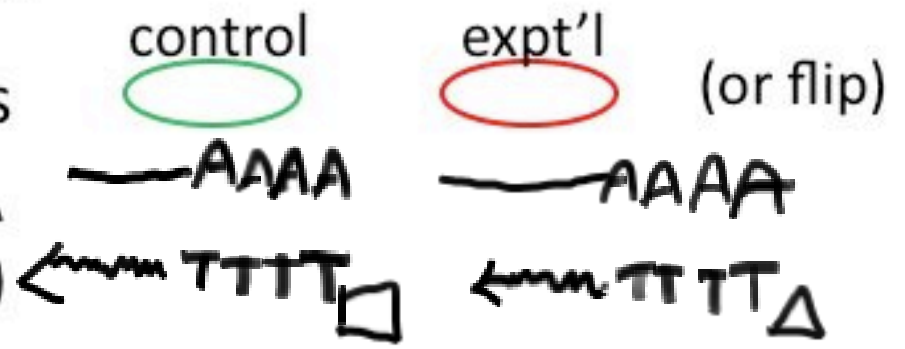
- Steve will run much of lab today
- TC room update
- Discuss mid-term course feedback

Luciferase review

- Per sample, measure
 - Firefly: *internal tx'n control*
 - *Renilla*: *target*
- 4-6 replicates per expt'l sample
- Up to 32 replicates for others
- Representing your data+analysis

Microarray Workflow

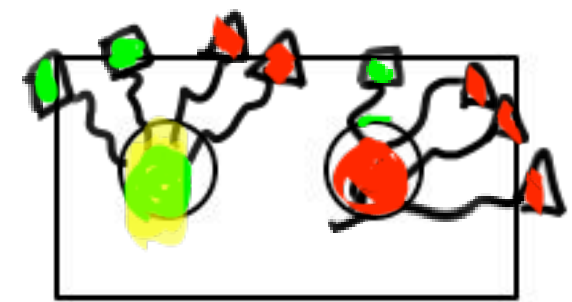
1. RNA isolated from cells
2. Anneal primers to RNA (w/capture sequences)
3. Extension step w/RTase
4. Destroy RNA $\text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{ss. cDNA}$
5. Hybridize cDNAs to array
6. Wash, add fluorophores
7. Wash, scan array



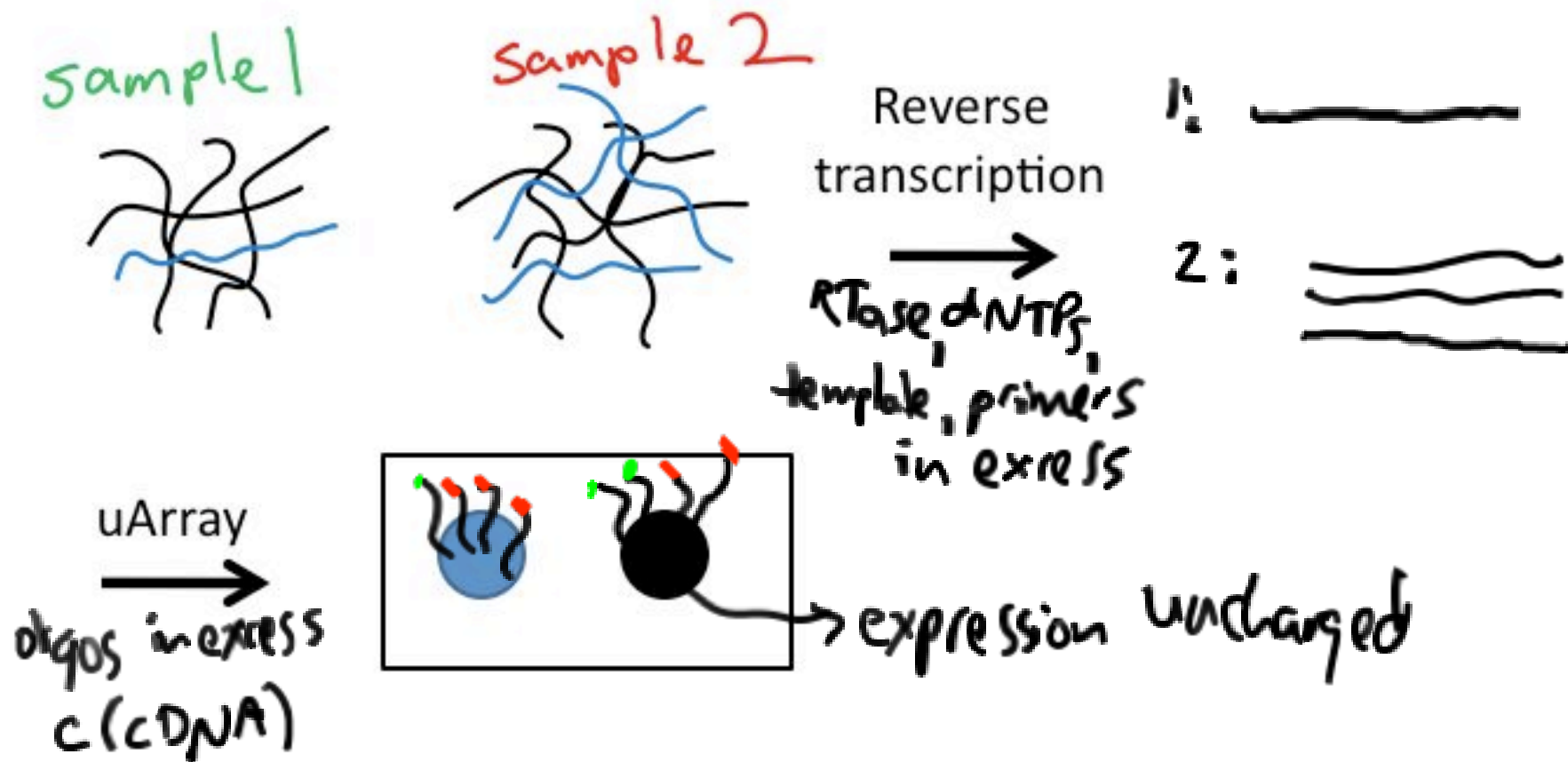
80°C, 10'



42°C, 1.5 hr.




Microarray Principle



Intensity of fluorescence at a particular spot is proportional to the original amount of the relevant mRNA in that sample. Next time you'll analyze 44,000 green and red intensity values!

Microarray Analysis

Analysis	What/why/how	Typical #'s
Background Subtraction	 $S_I = I - B_I$ <p>make a cutoff $= IF (S_I > 0, S_I, 0)$</p> <p>intensity b/w spots is noise</p>	<p>bgnd 50-100 signal $10^2 - 10^5$</p>
Normalization	$R_I = k G_I$ <p>Cy3: less stable but higher quantum yield of Cy3</p>	<p>~2-fold</p>
Ratio of GI:RI, Log2 Transform	<p>→ change in expression → "readability"</p>	<p>~10 — +10 (-1 — +1)</p>

Analysis examples

	Ex. 1	Ex. 2	Ex. 3
Green value	2000	200	160
Red value	1000	100	80
Background (assume green and red same)	80	80	80
Ratio w/out bkgnd subtraction	2	2	2
Ratio with subtraction	2.1	6	undefined

Today in Lab

- Set up RT-PCR
 - With RNase-free technique!
 - If possible, use 1-5 μg of RNA
 - **Save rest of your RNA in case others need it**
- Meanwhile practice uArray analysis
- Hybridize cDNA to uArray slides
 - Watch demo first, be careful with slides